

Numerics, Physics, Resolution

Towards Predictive Galaxy Formation Simulations

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Caltech

Physics

(a question of philosophy)

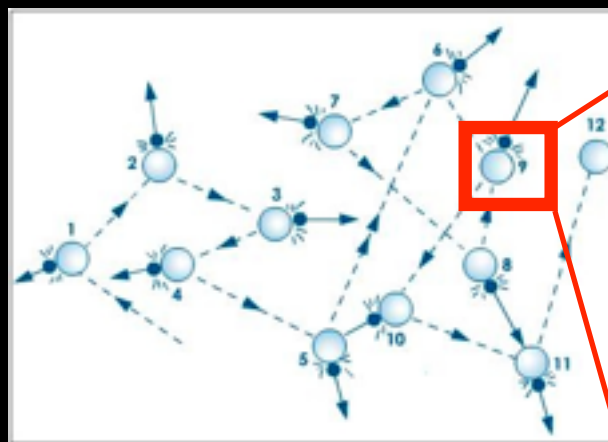
Everything is sub-grid

Hydrodynamics



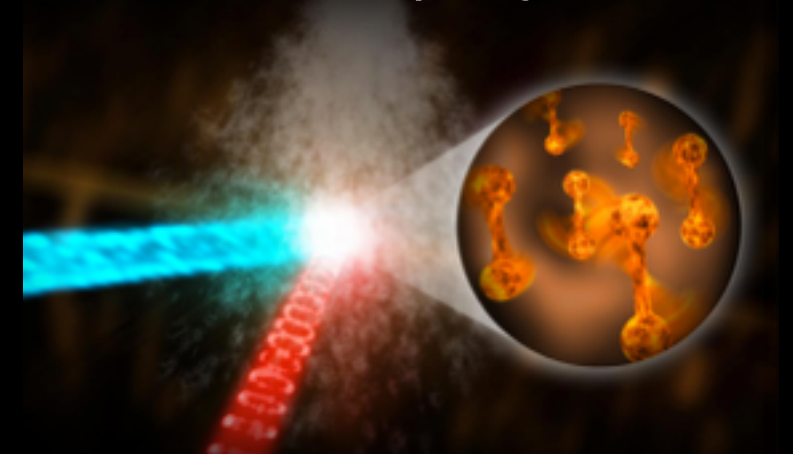
$$\frac{D\rho}{Dt} = -\rho \nabla \cdot \mathbf{v}$$

Statistical mechanics



$$\begin{aligned} Q(t) &= f[t; g[Q]] = f^{(0)}[t; g^{(0)}[Q]] \\ &+ \varepsilon \left(\int ds \frac{\delta f^{(0)}(t)}{\delta g^{(0)}(s)} g^{(1)}[s; Q] + f^{(1)}[t; g^{(0)}[Q]] \right) \\ &+ \varepsilon^2 \left(\int ds \frac{\delta f^{(0)}(t)}{\delta g^{(0)}(s)} g^{(2)}[s; Q] \right. \\ &\quad \left. + \frac{1}{2} \int ds ds' \frac{\delta^2 f^{(0)}(t)}{\delta g^{(0)}(s) \delta g^{(0)}(s')} g^{(1)}[s; Q] g^{(1)}[s'; Q] \right. \\ &\quad \left. + \int ds \frac{\delta f^{(1)}(t)}{\delta g^{(0)}(s)} g^{(1)}[s; Q] + f^{(2)}[t; g^{(0)}[Q]] \right) + O(\varepsilon^3) \end{aligned}$$

Particle physics



$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_{GWS} &= \sum_f (\bar{\Psi}_f (i\gamma^\mu \partial_\mu - m_f) \Psi_f - e Q_f \bar{\Psi}_f \gamma^\mu \Psi_f A_\mu) + \\ &+ \frac{g}{\sqrt{2}} \sum_i (\bar{a}_L^i \gamma^\mu b_L^i W_\mu^+ + \bar{b}_L^i \gamma^\mu a_L^i W_\mu^-) + \frac{g}{2c_w} \sum_f \bar{\Psi}_f \gamma^\mu (I_f^3 - 2s_w^2 Q_f - I_f^3 \gamma_5) \Psi_f Z_\mu + \\ &- \frac{1}{4} |\partial_\mu A_\nu - \partial_\nu A_\mu - ie(W_\mu^- W_\nu^+ - W_\mu^+ W_\nu^-)|^2 - \frac{1}{2} |\partial_\mu W_\nu^+ - \partial_\nu W_\mu^+ + \\ &- ie(W_\mu^+ A_\nu - W_\nu^+ A_\mu) + ig' c_w (W_\mu^+ Z_\nu - W_\nu^+ Z_\mu)|^2 + \\ &- \frac{1}{4} |\partial_\mu Z_\nu - \partial_\nu Z_\mu + ig' c_w (W_\mu^- W_\nu^+ - W_\mu^+ W_\nu^-)|^2 + \\ &- \frac{1}{2} M_\eta^2 \eta^2 - \frac{g M_\eta^2}{8 M_W} \eta^3 - \frac{g'^2 M_\eta^2}{32 M_W} \eta^4 + |M_W W_\mu^+ + \frac{g}{2} \eta W_\mu^+|^2 + \\ &+ \frac{1}{2} |\partial_\mu \eta + i M_Z Z_\mu + \frac{ig}{2c_w} \eta Z_\mu|^2 - \sum_f \frac{g}{2} \frac{m_f}{M_W} \bar{\Psi}_f \Psi_f \eta \end{aligned}$$

2 philosophies of sub-grid:

- 1. Parameterize unknowns, marginalize over them (fit to observations)
 - bias in BAO/LSS cosmology
 - MCMC SAMs / Illustris/Eagle philosophy
- 2. Derive from theory/observations on small scales, after “smoothing”
 - (magneto) hydrodynamics
 - FIRE philosophy: $M_{\text{wind}} = (\text{whatever the input physics predicts})$

Example: Supernovae

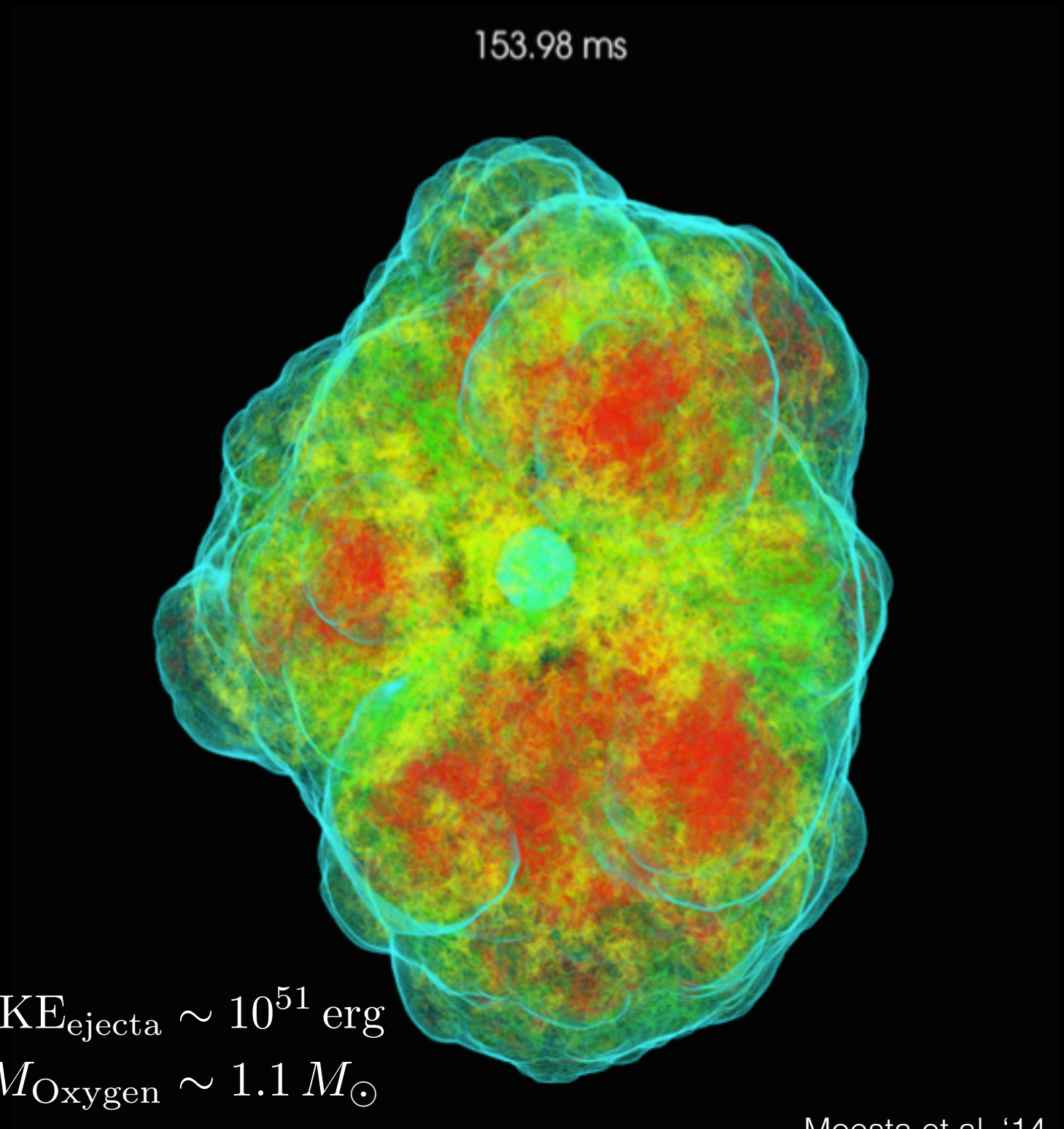
(building up a sub-grid model)

Example: SNe

Resolution:

$$m_i < 10^{-6} M_{\odot}$$

Predict: Explosion



Sub-grid physics:

- (magneto) hydrodynamics
- nuclear Rx rates
- neutrino transfer

Example: SNe

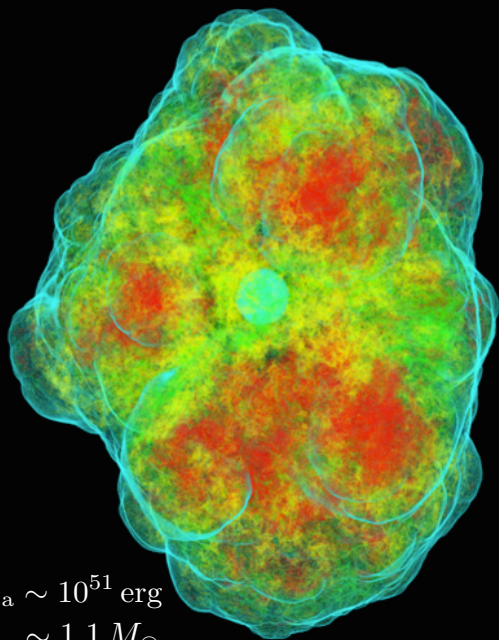
Resolution:

$$m_i \sim 1 - 100 M_{\odot}$$

Sub-grid physics:

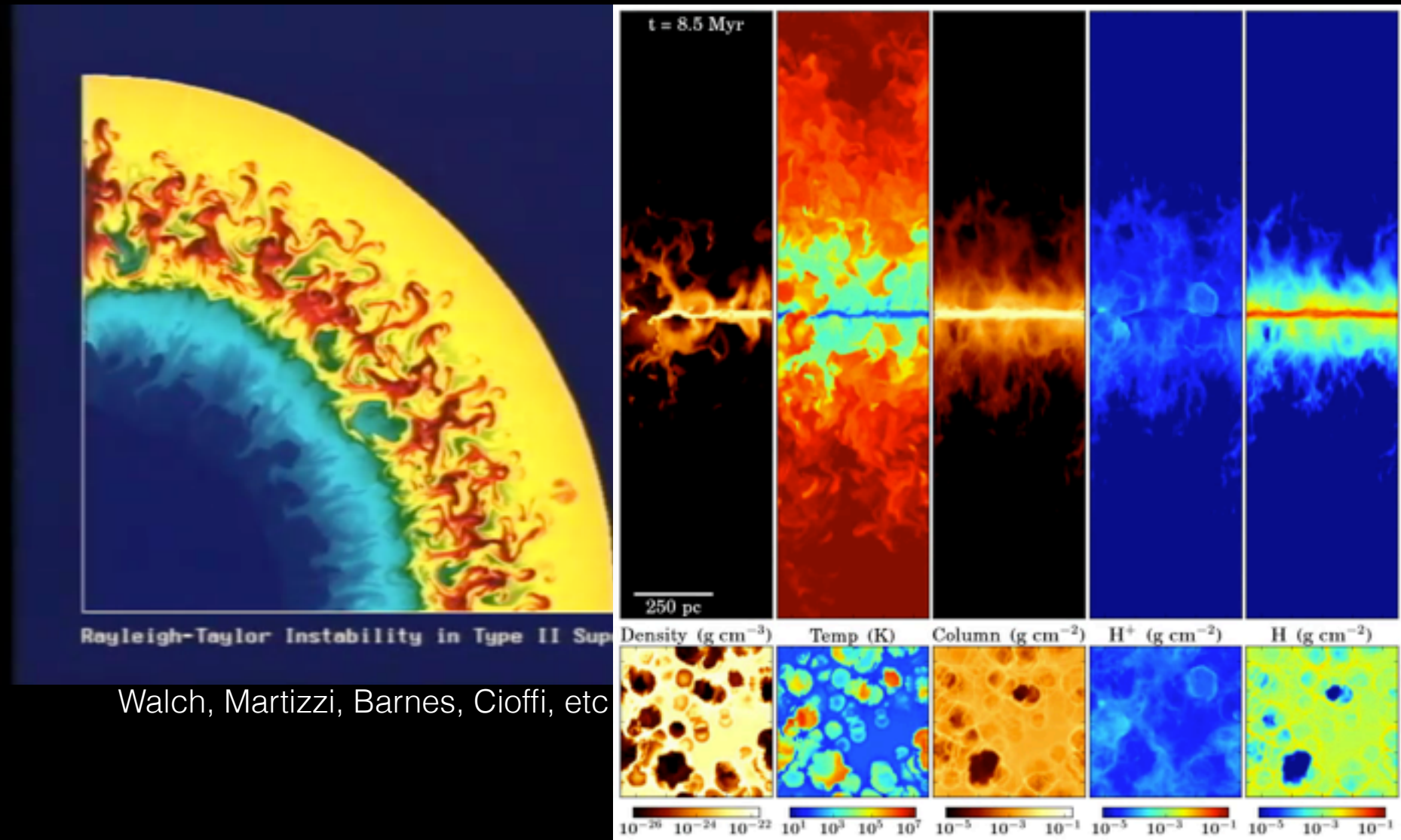
- SNe explosion
- ejecta energy, yields

153.98 ms



$KE_{\text{ejecta}} \sim 10^{51} \text{ erg}$
 $M_{\text{Oxygen}} \sim 1.1 M_{\odot}$
...

Predict: Blastwave Evolution/ISM Interaction



Walch, Martizzi, Barnes, Cioffi, etc

End of energy-to-momentum (single SNe):

$$M_{\text{snowplow, final}} \sim 3000 M_{\odot}$$

Final momentum:

$$\langle M_s v_s \rangle_{\text{final, SNr}} \sim 10^{5.5} M_{\odot} \frac{\text{km}}{\text{s}}$$



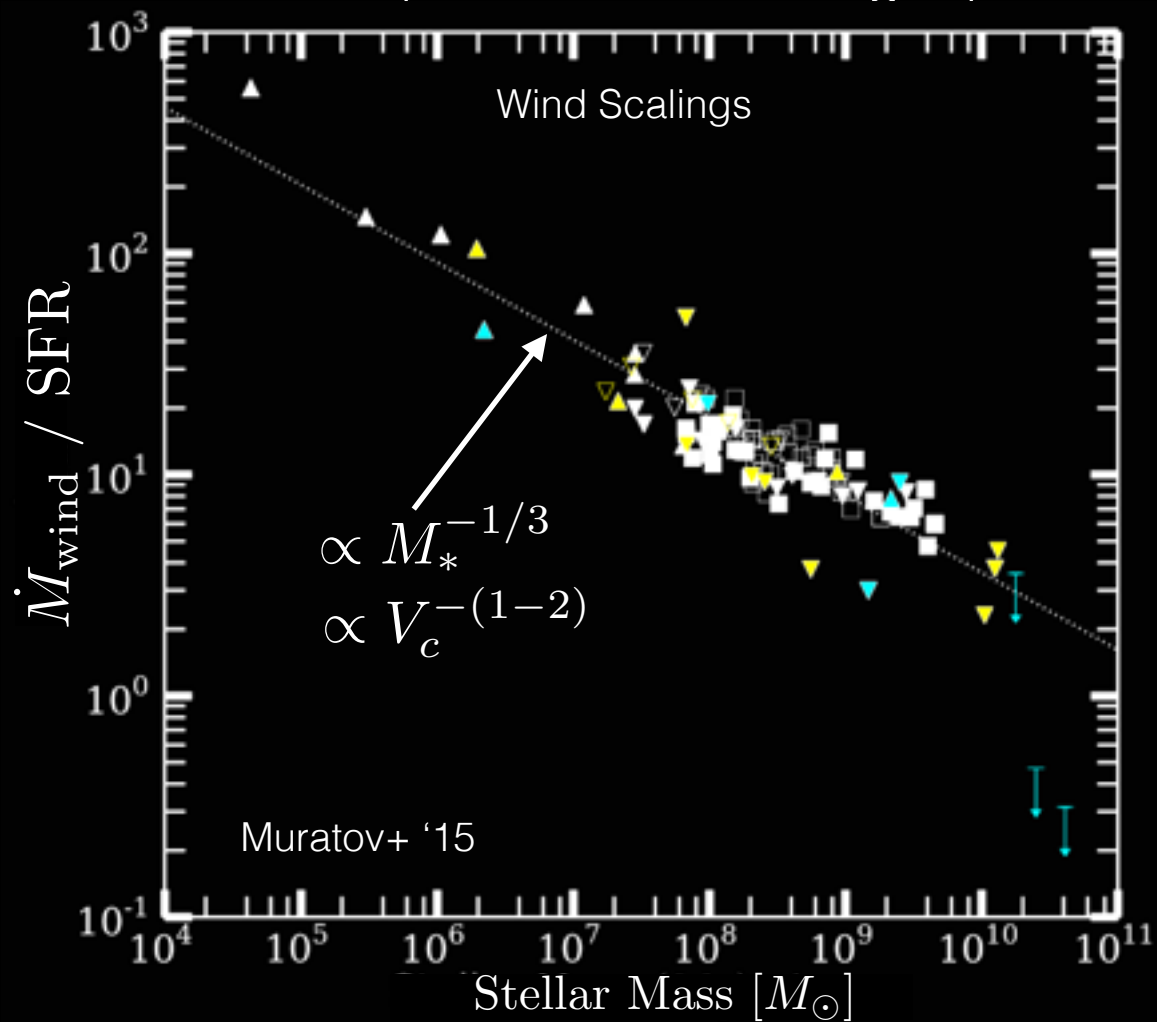
Example: SNe

Resolution:

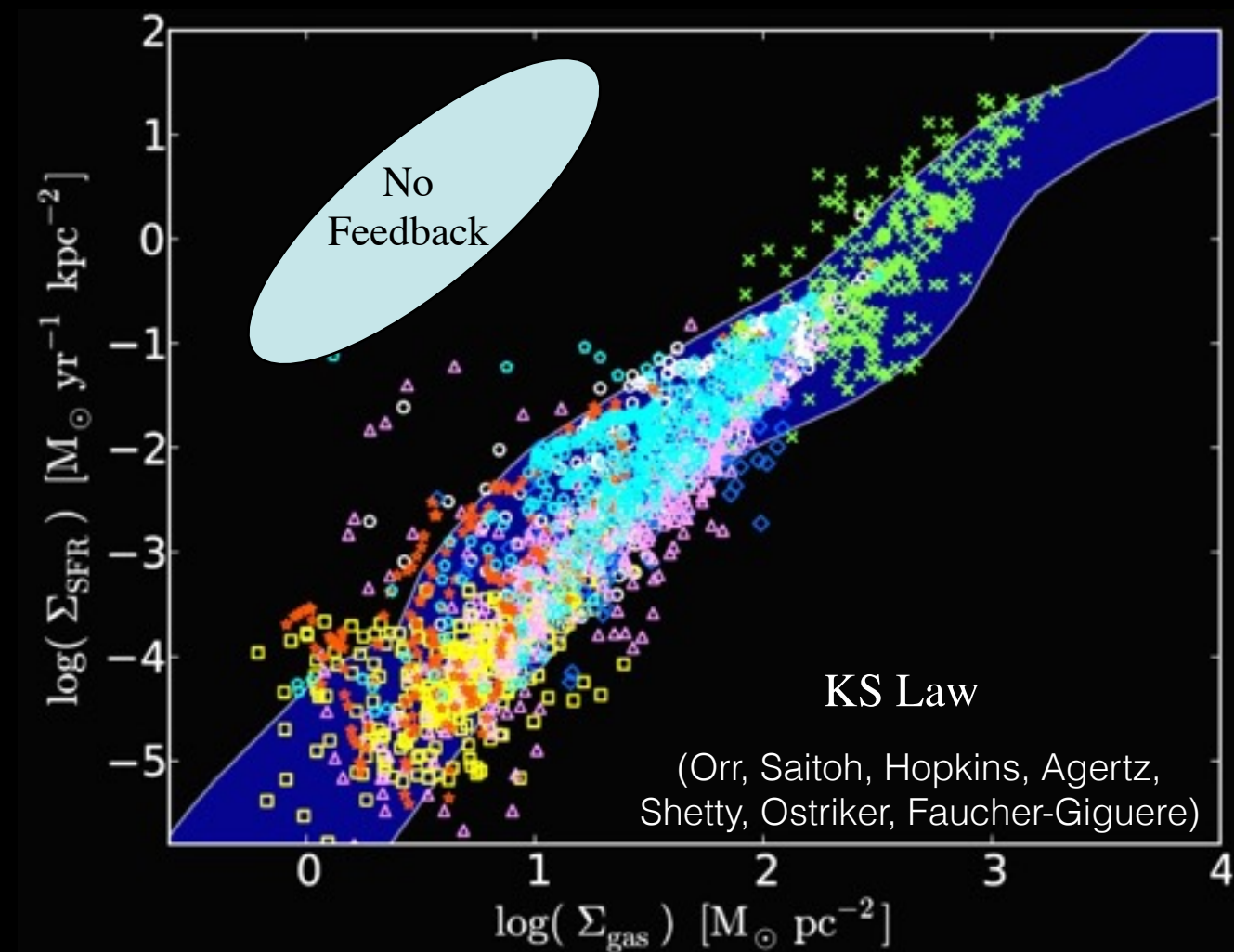
$$m_i \sim 10^{2-4} M_{\odot}$$

Sub-grid physics:

- single SNr evolution
- stellar evolution (rates)
- ~~SFR (dense molecular gas)~~



Predict: Overlap: super-bubbles & winds



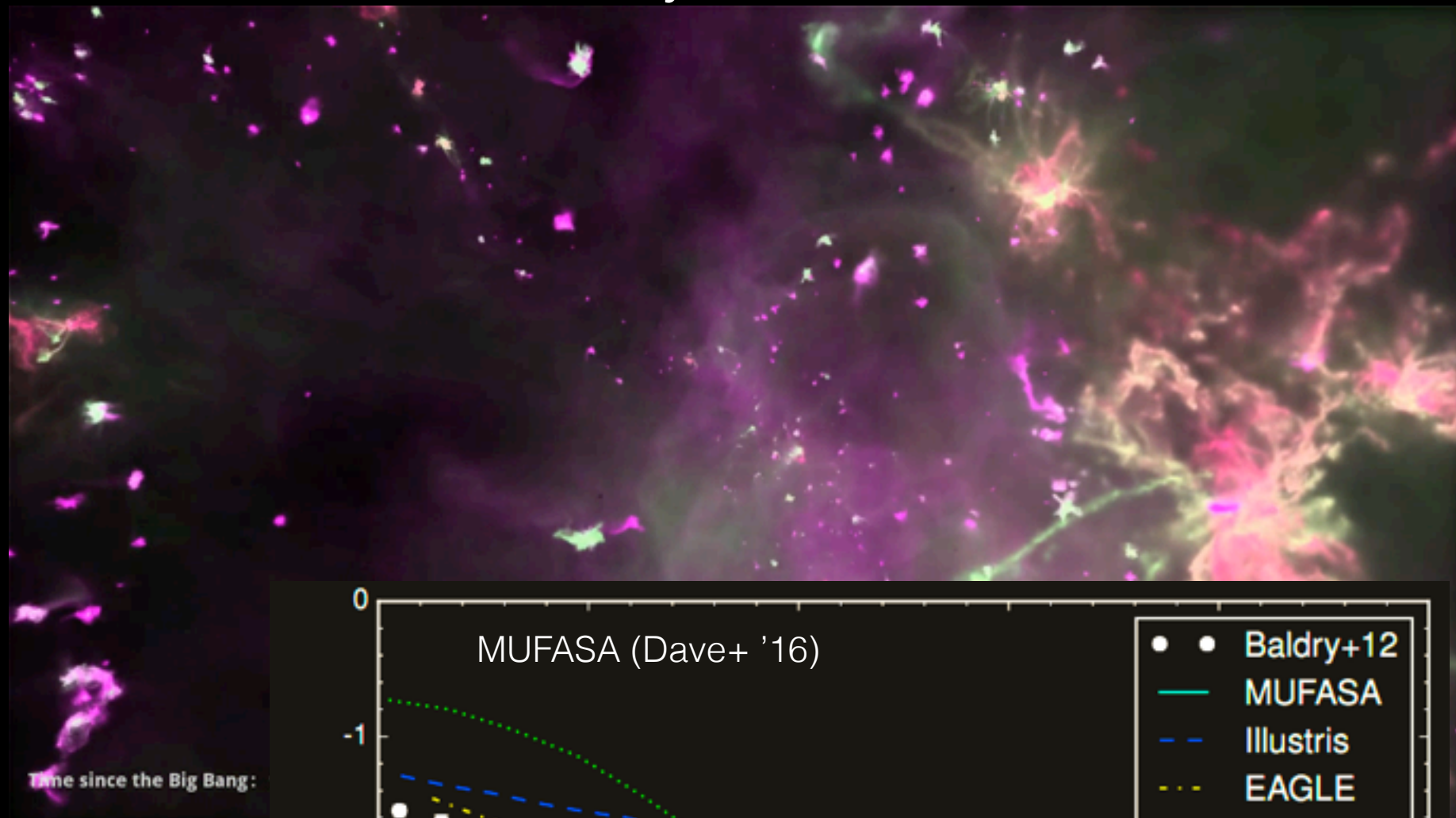
FIRE

Example: SNe

Predict: Galaxy SFHs, IGM enrichment

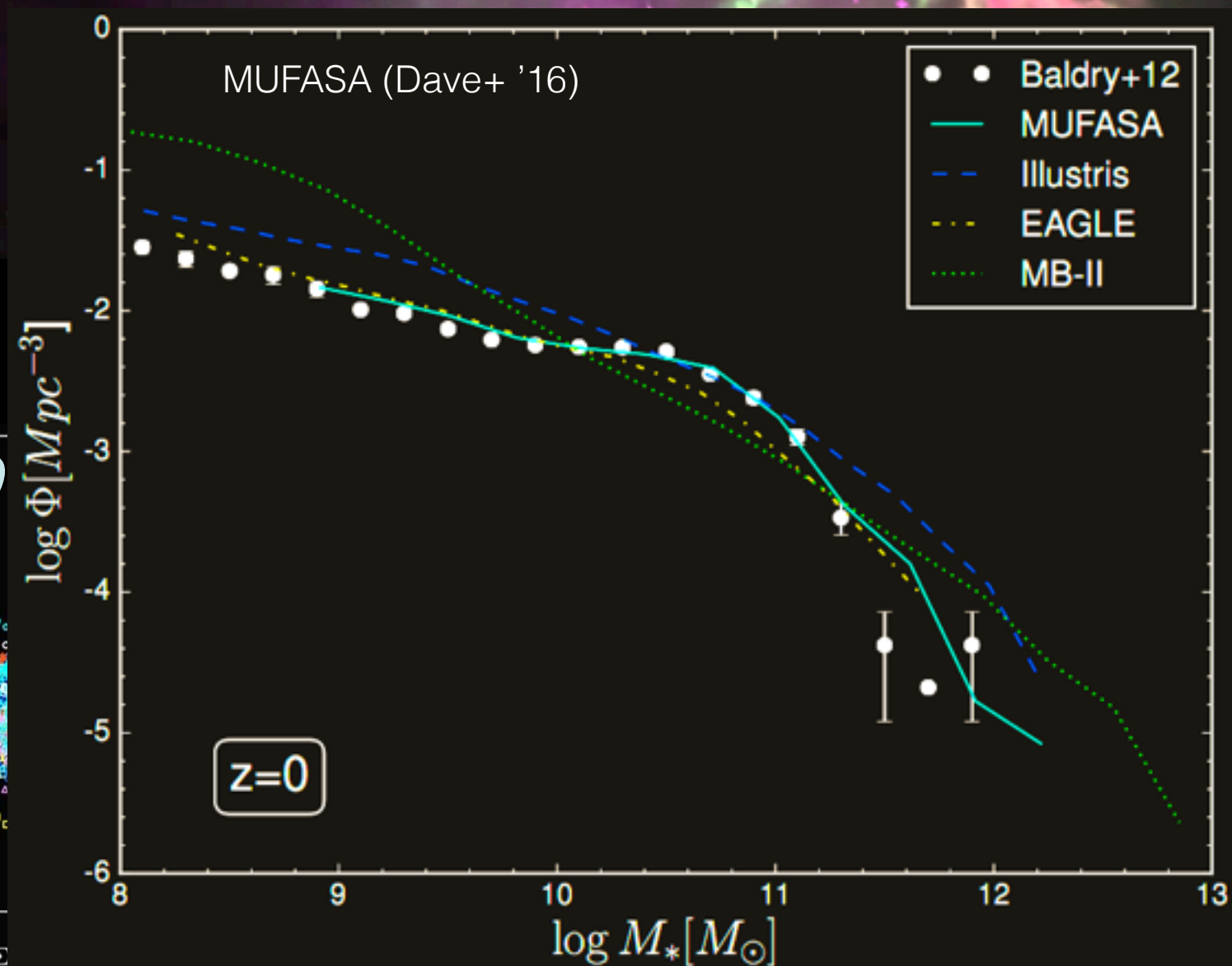
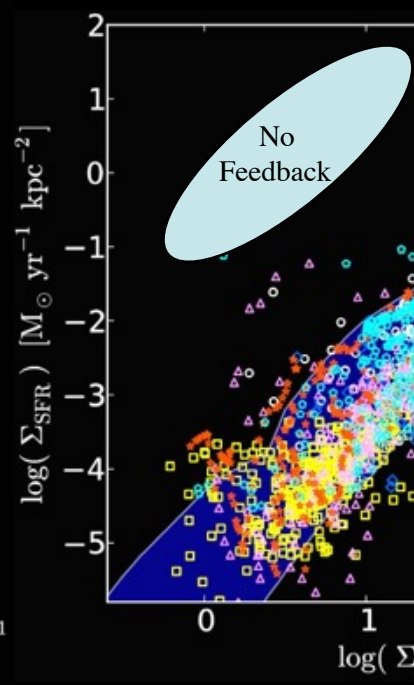
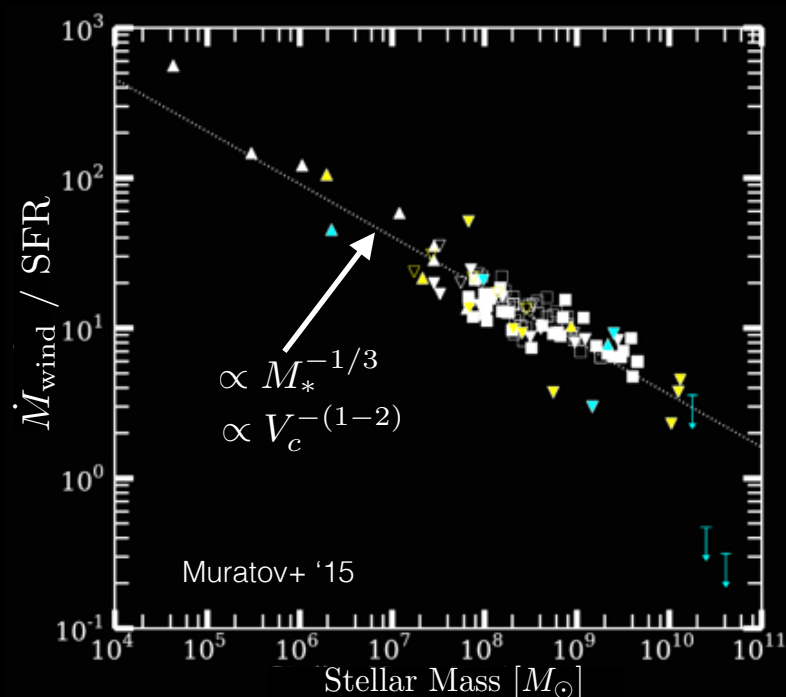
Resolution:

$$m_i \gtrsim 10^6 M_\odot$$



Sub-grid physics:

- SFR (kpc/low density gas)
- wind scalings (galaxy-scale)

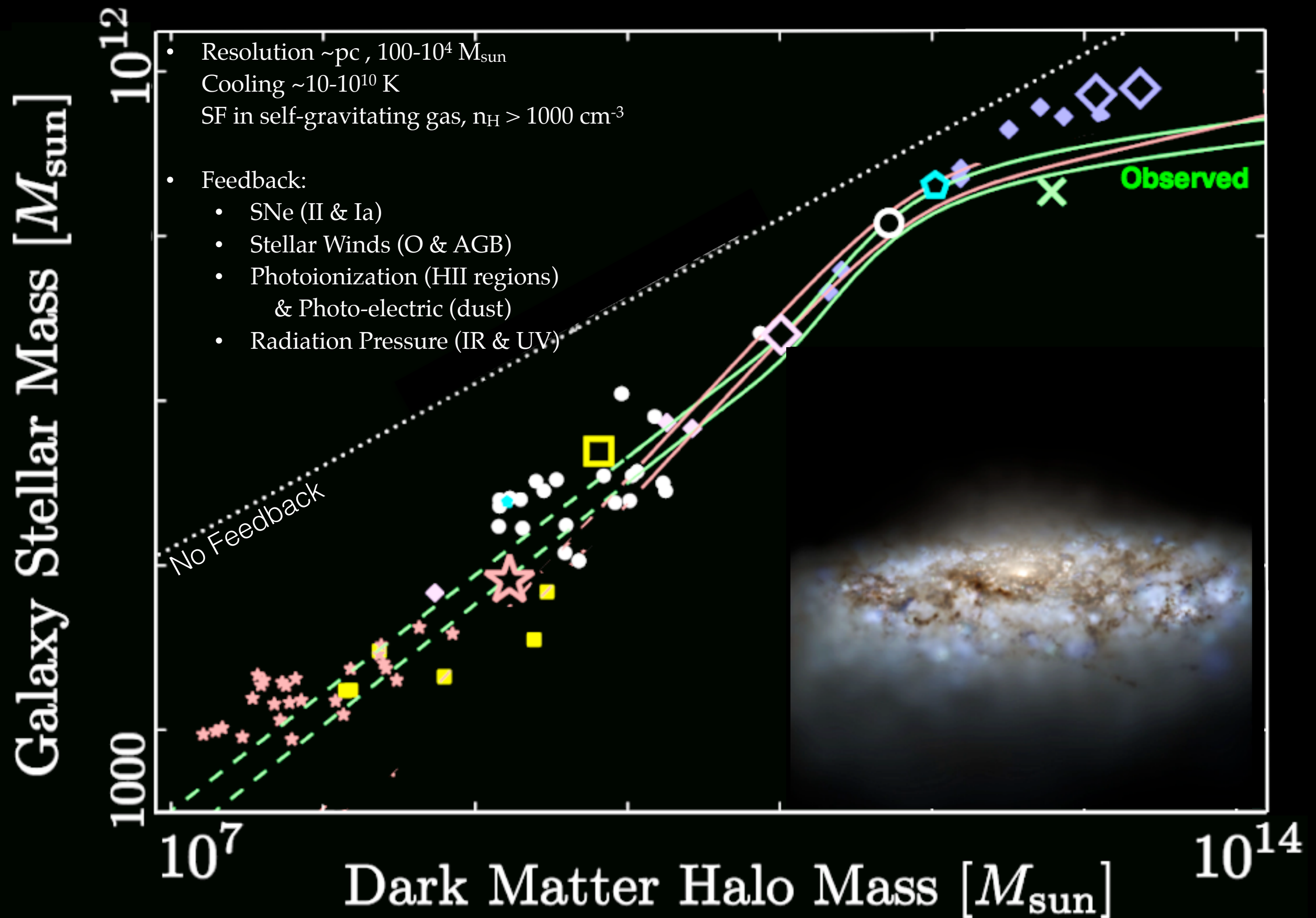


It Works!

PFH et al.

(arXiv:1311.2073)

THIS APPROACH IS PRODUCING REALISTIC GALAXIES





It Works!

- Resolution $\sim \text{pc}$, $100\text{-}10^4 M_{\text{sun}}$
Cooling $\sim 10\text{-}10^{10} \text{ K}$
SF in self-gravitating gas, $n_{\text{H}} > 1000$
- Feedback:
 - SNe (II & Ia)
 - Stellar Winds (O & AGB)
 - Photoionization (HII regions)
& Photo-electric (dust)
 - Radiation Pressure (IR & UV)

What Matters?

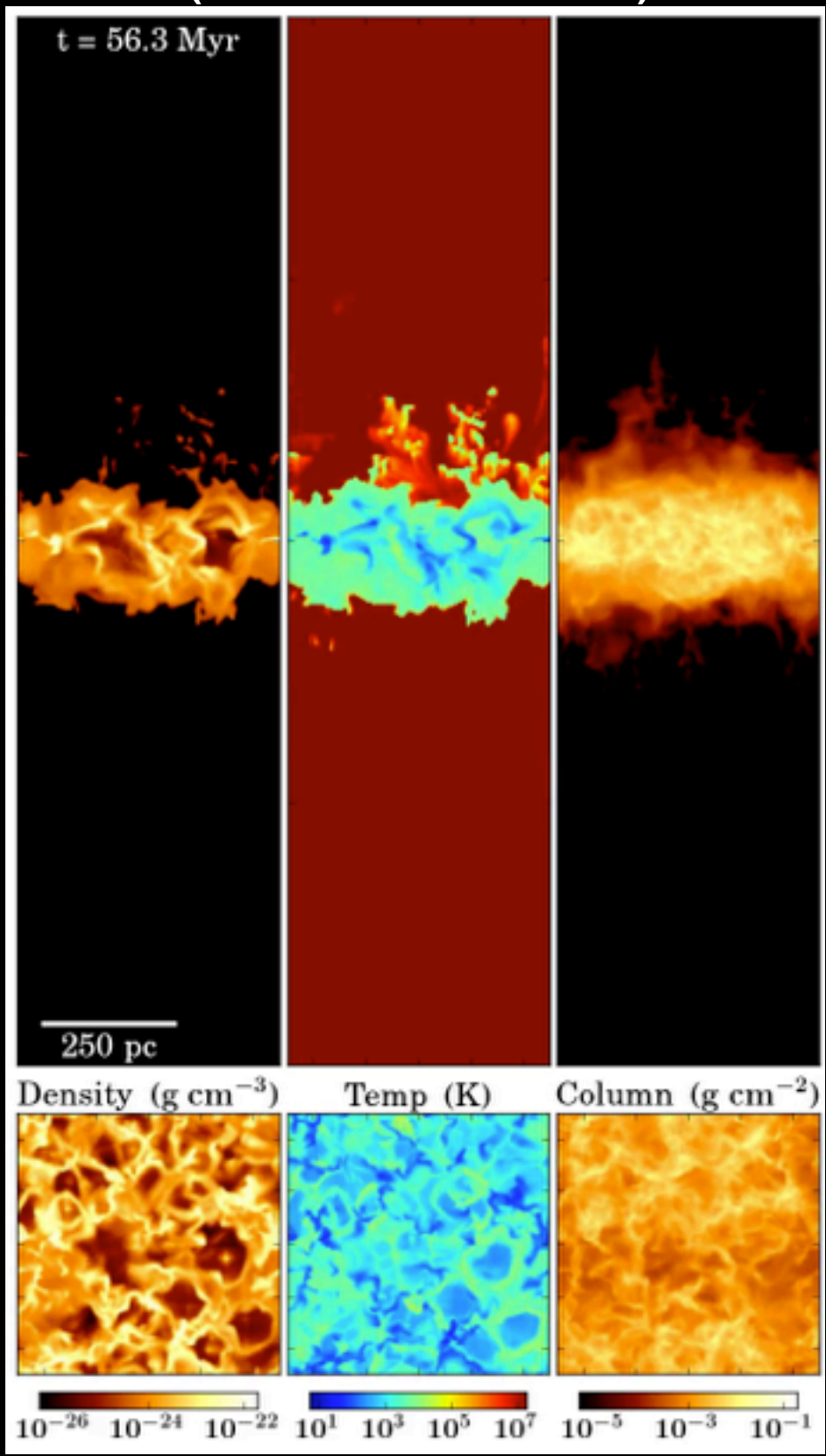
(depends 100% on *what you care about predicting*)

Doing the “sub-grid” right can matter

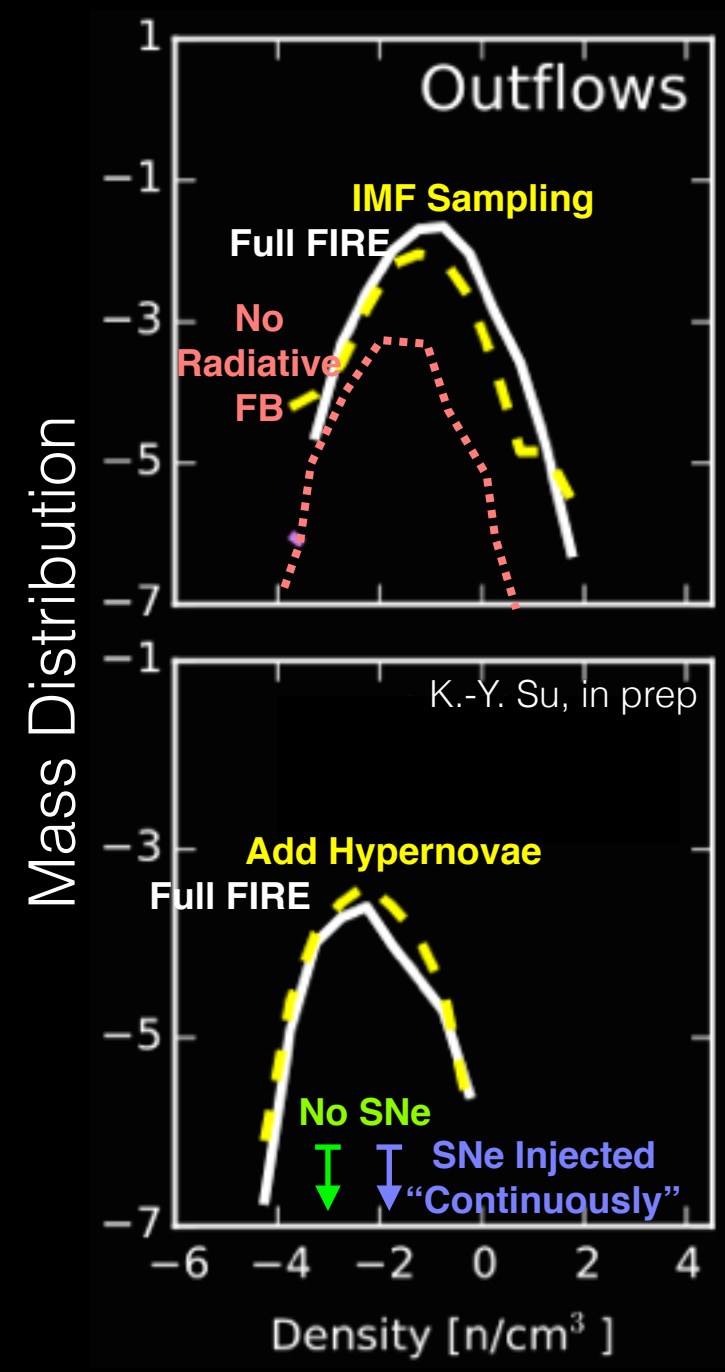
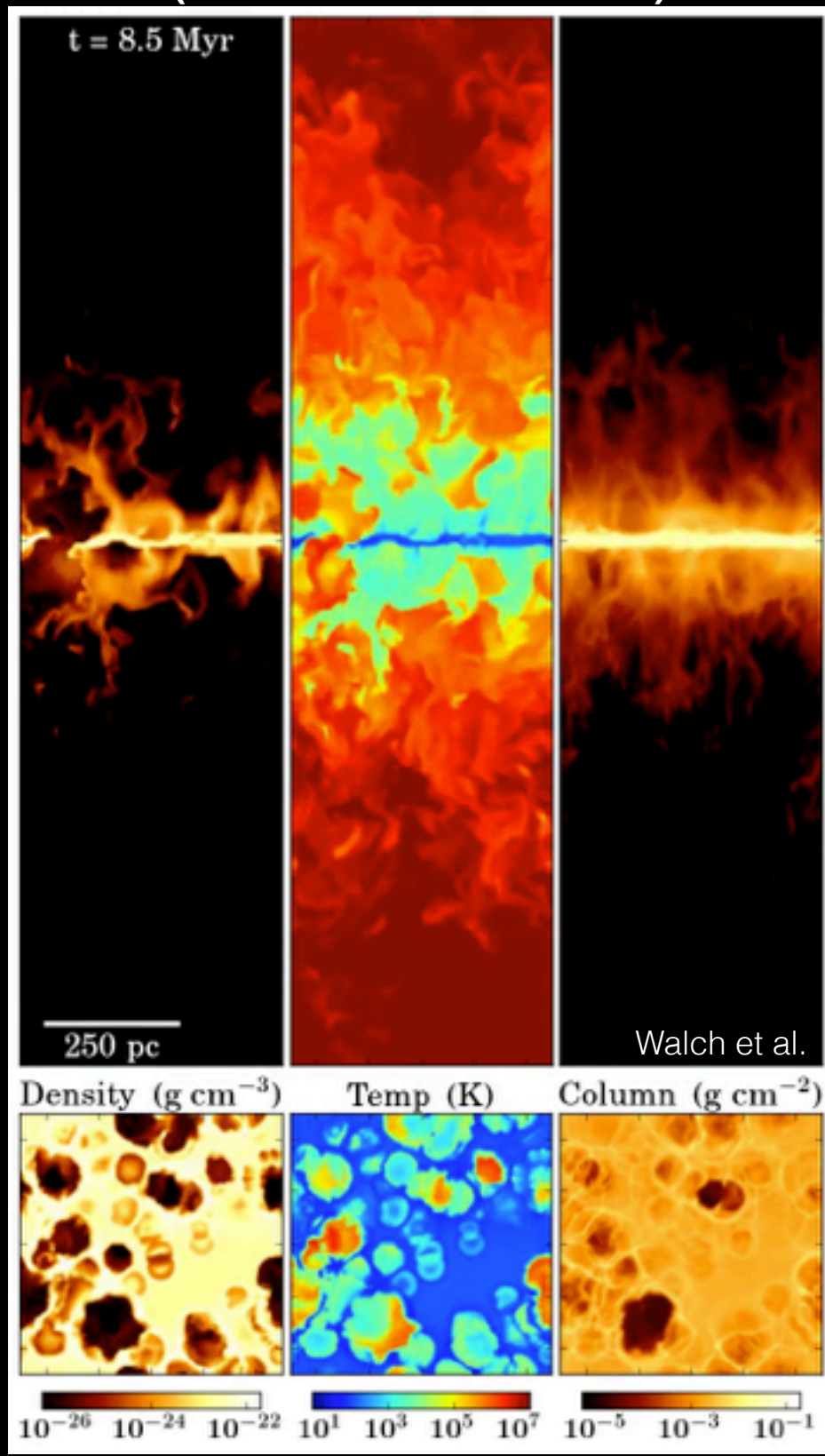
IF RESOLVE DENSE GAS, NEED PHYSICS FOR IT!

Murray+, Martizzi+,
Walch+, Barnes+
Hopkins+, Hayward+,
Shetty+, Hennebelle+

SNe Explode in Density Peaks
(no radiative feedback)



SNe Clustered & Off-Peak
(with radiative feedback)

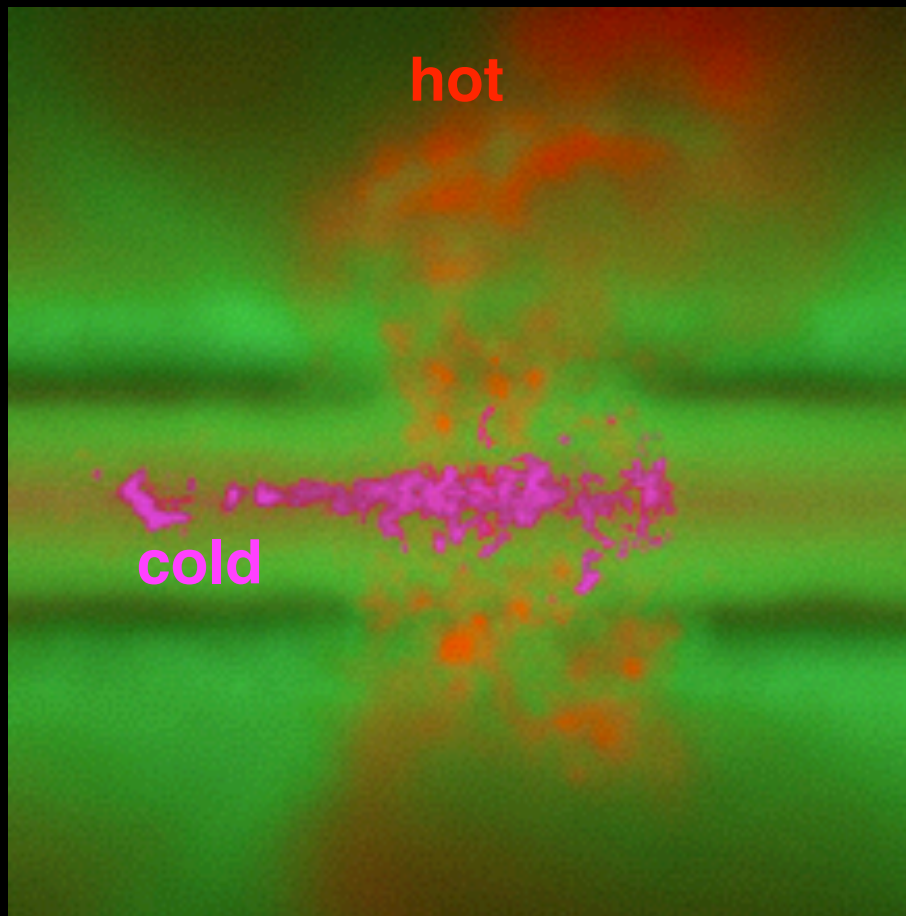


Doing the “sub-grid” right can matter

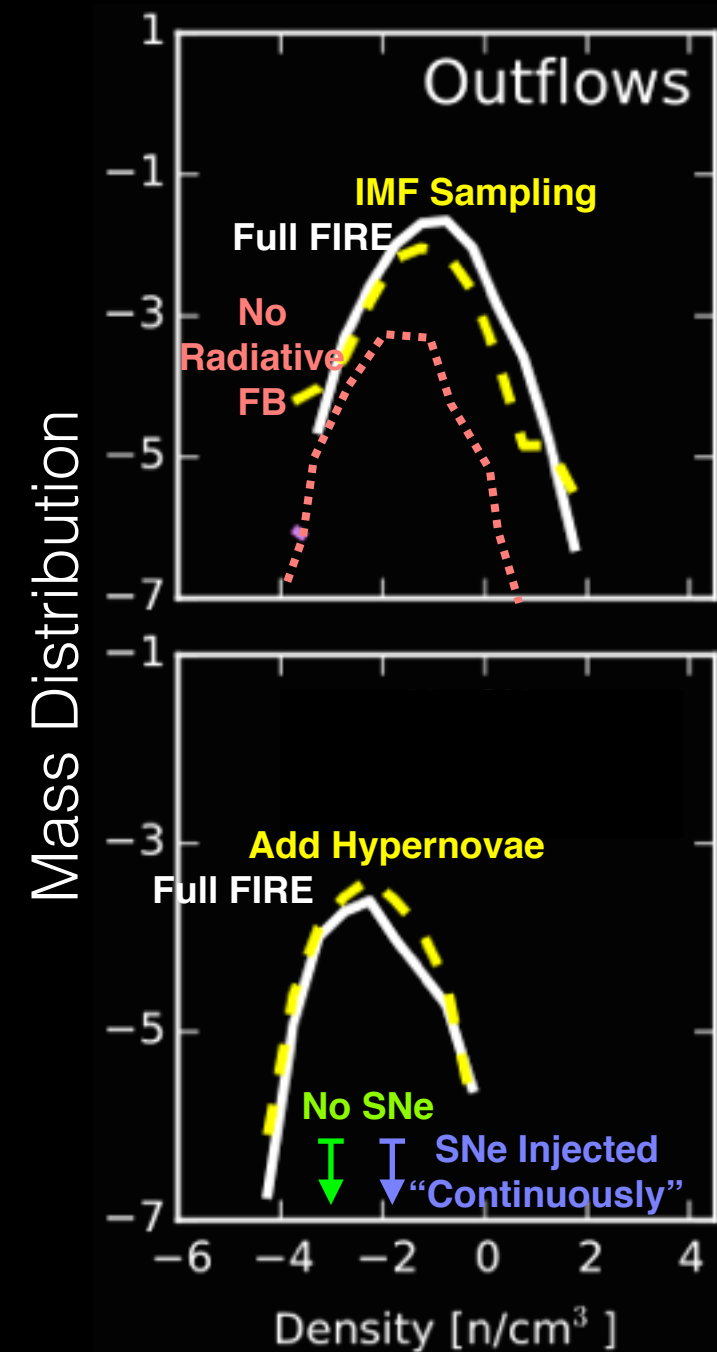
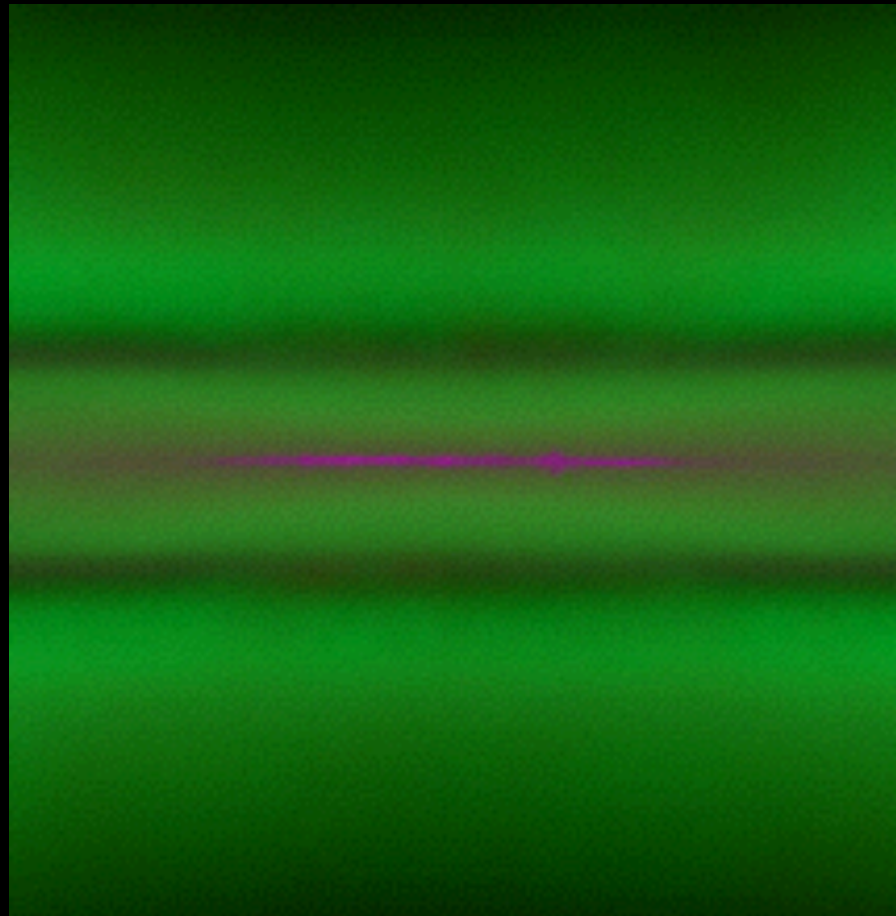
IF RESOLVE BUBBLES, NEED PHYSICS FOR IT!

Klessen+, Ostriker+
Hopkins+
K.-Y. Su, in prep

Treat each SNe explicitly
following resolved explosion



Continuously dump
thermal energy \sim SFR





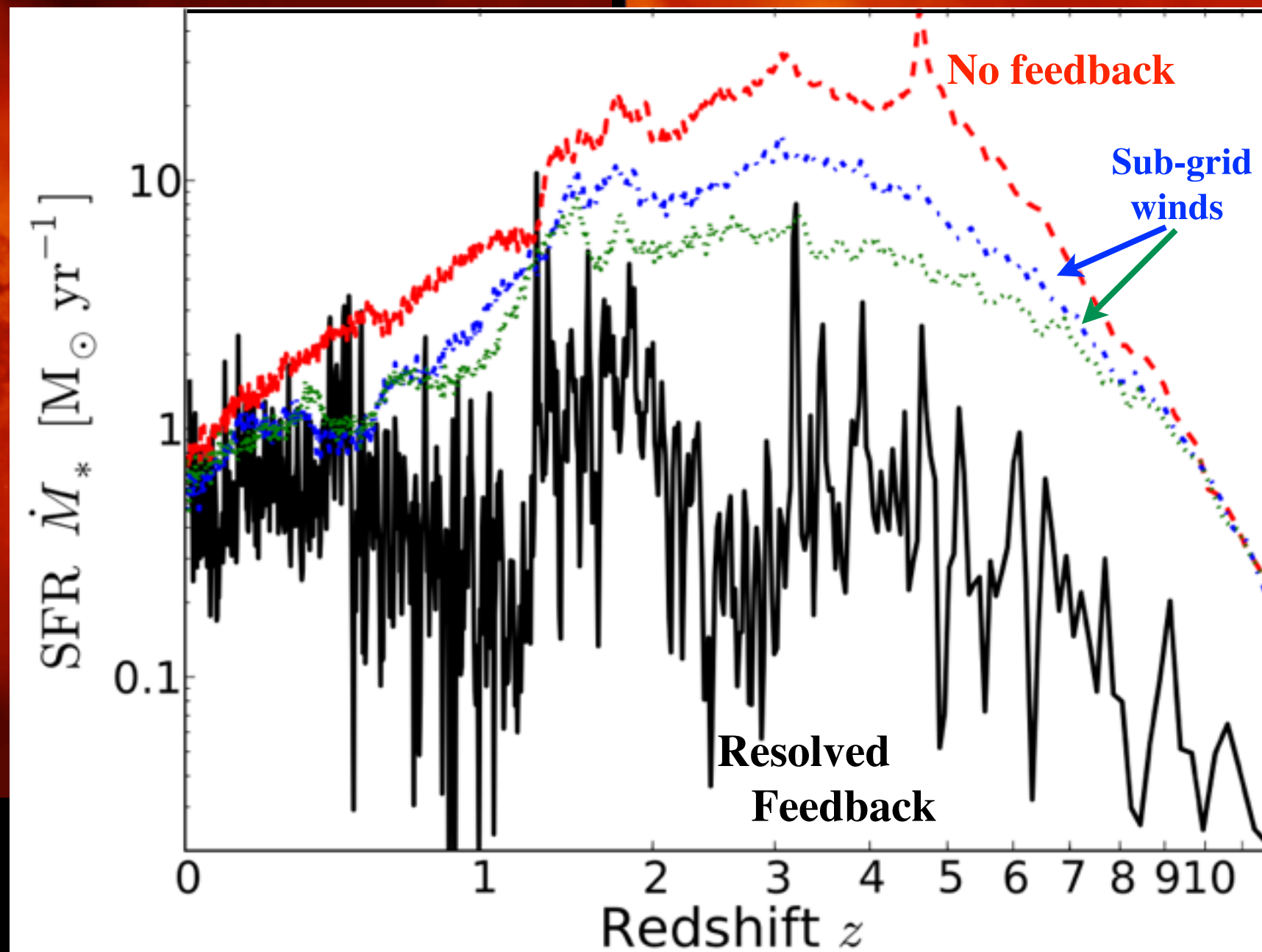
Doing the “sub-grid” right can matter

DANGERS OF ONLY FITTING MASSES

Proto-Milky Way: Gas Temperature:

Simple Sub-Grid ($\dot{M}_{\text{wind}} = \eta \dot{M}_*$)

Following Full Feedback



Resolution: Needs to Match Your Physics!

DIFFERENT PREDICTIONS REQUIRE DIFFERENT RESOLUTION

Fragmentation / GMCs / Dense Gas:

$$m_i \lesssim 10^5 M_\odot \ll M_{\text{Toomre}}$$

$$\epsilon_{\text{grav}}^{\text{min}} \ll 100 \text{ pc [guaranteed if adaptive]}$$

Super-bubbles / overlaps / chimneys:

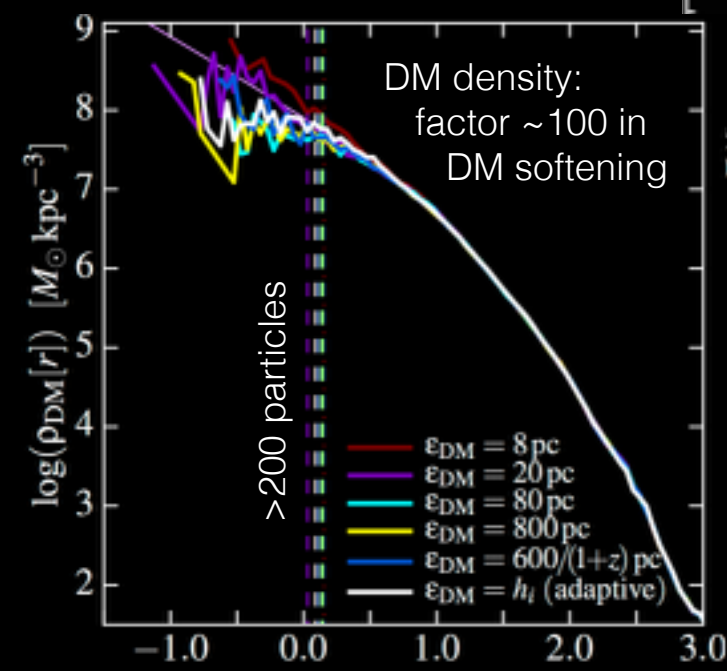
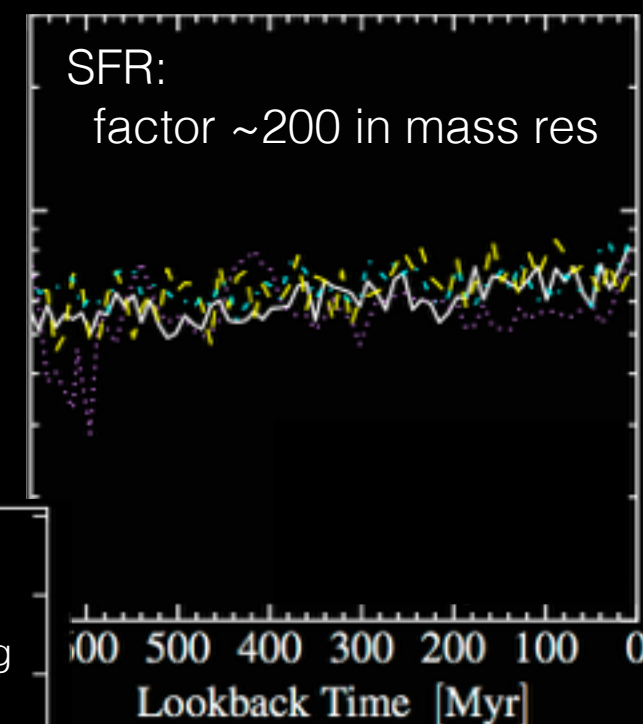
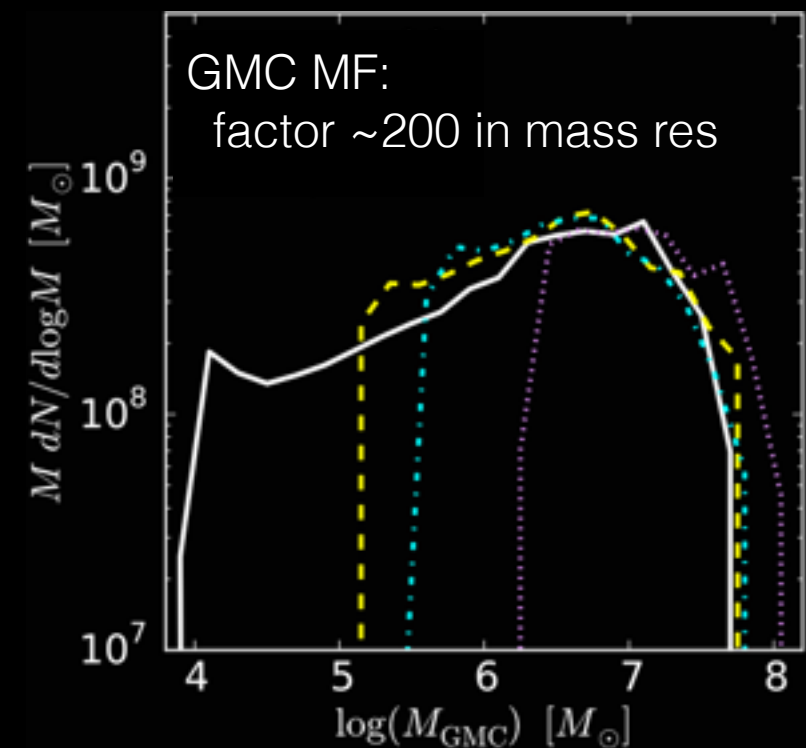
$$m_i \lesssim 10^5 M_\odot \ll M_{\text{Bubble}}$$

Individual SNe (no sub-grid SNe momentum):

$$m_i \lesssim 10^3 M_\odot \ll M_{\text{Cooling}}$$

Dwarf galaxy “bursty-ness”:

$$m_i \lesssim 10^{-6} M_{\text{halo}}$$

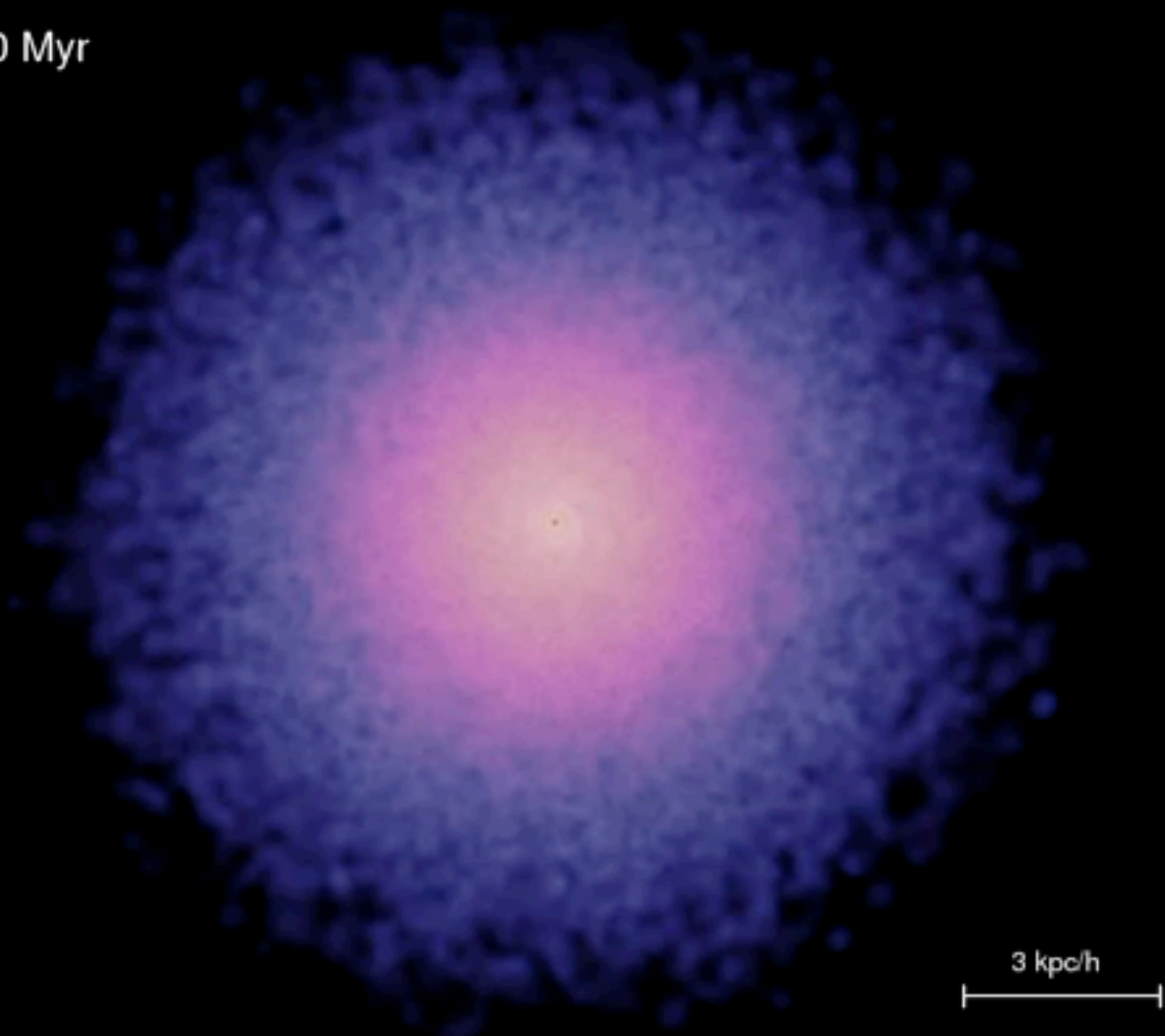


Doing the “sub-grid” right can matter

NEED PHYSICS TO PUSH BEYOND YOUR SUB-GRID SCALE

Sub-Grid ISM (Illustris, Eagle)

$T = 0$ Myr

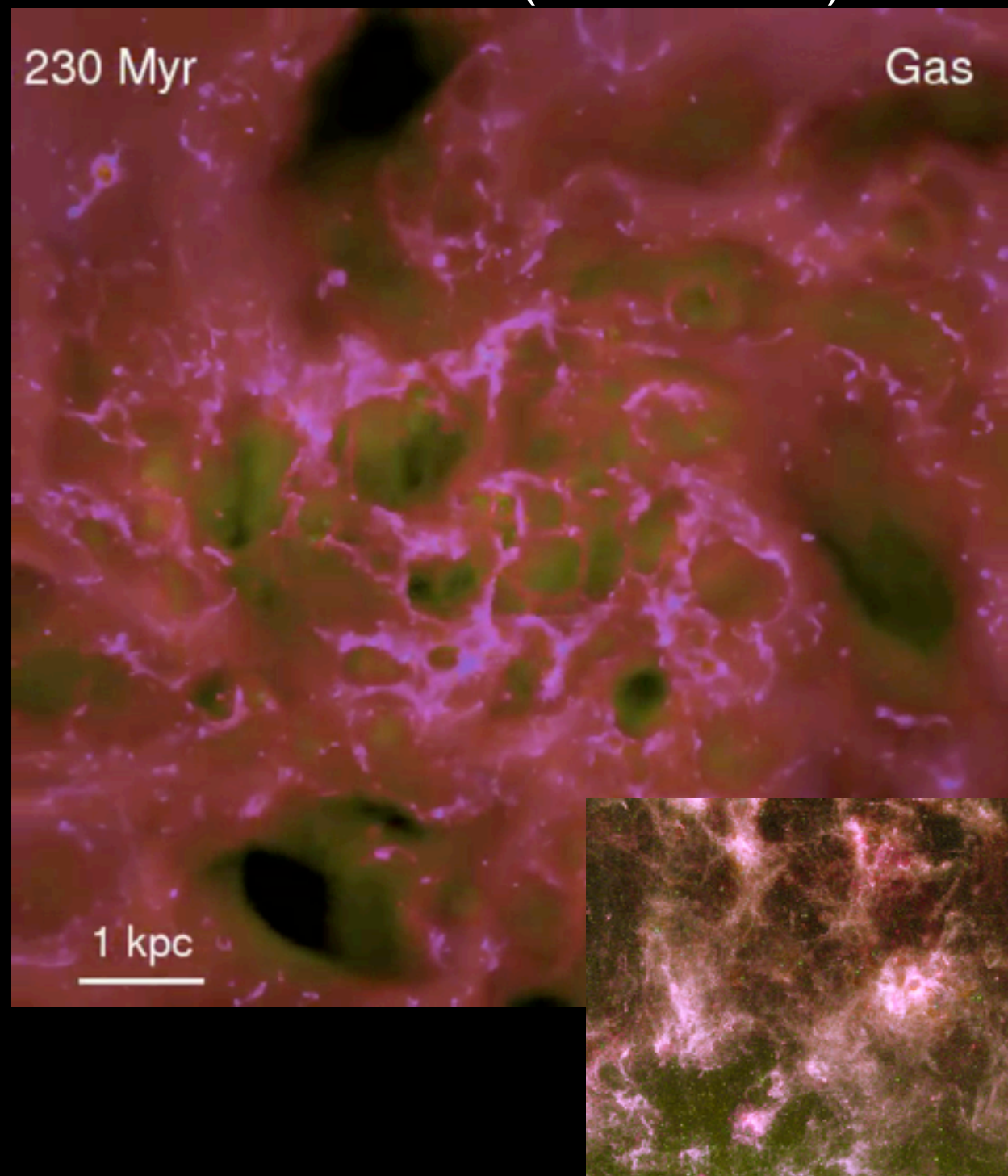


Resolved ISM (FIRE, SILCC)

230 Myr

Gas

1 kpc



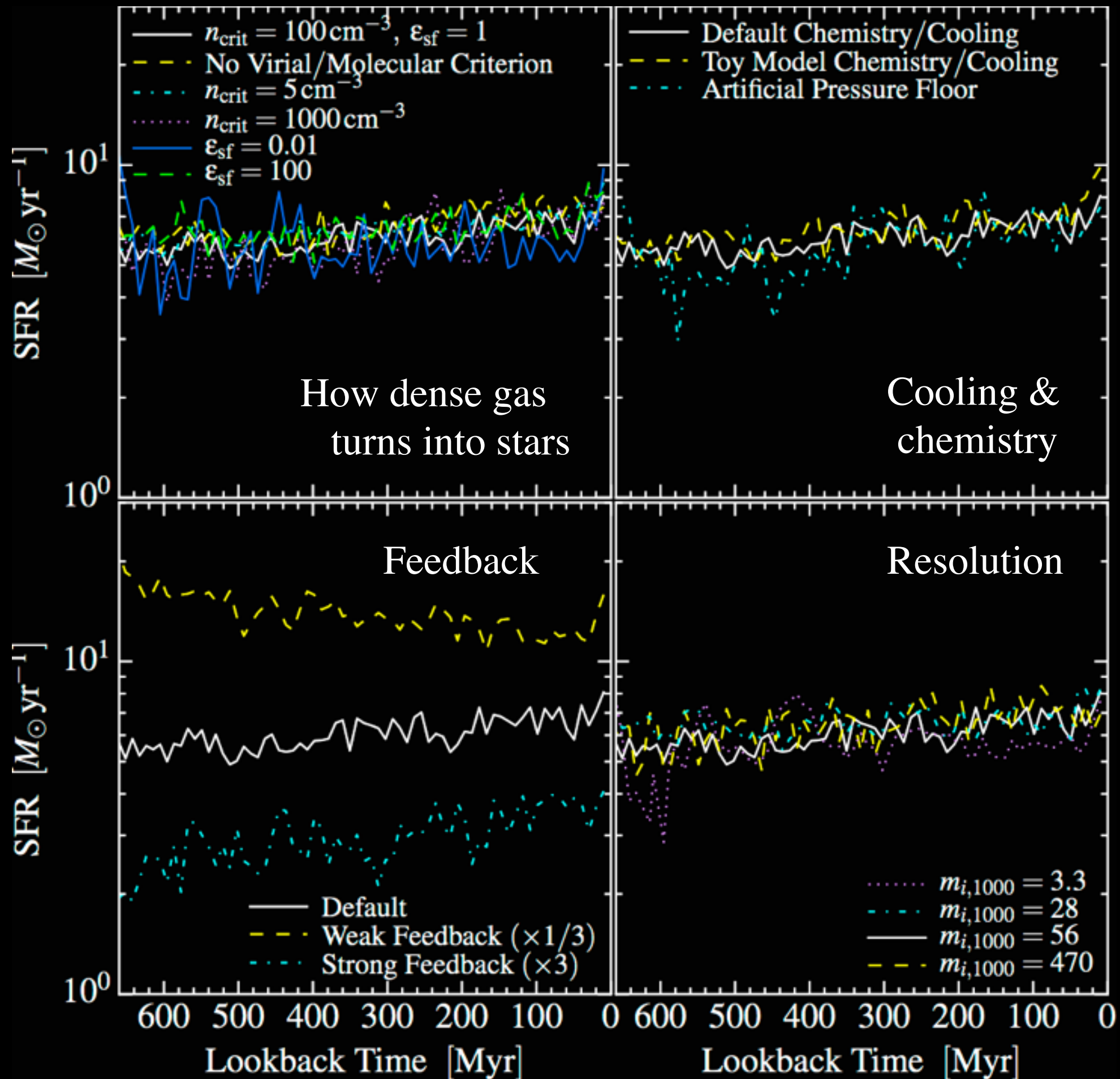
What Doesn't Matter?

(depends 100% on *what you care about predicting*)

(Galactic) Star Formation Rates are *INDEPENDENT* of how stars form!



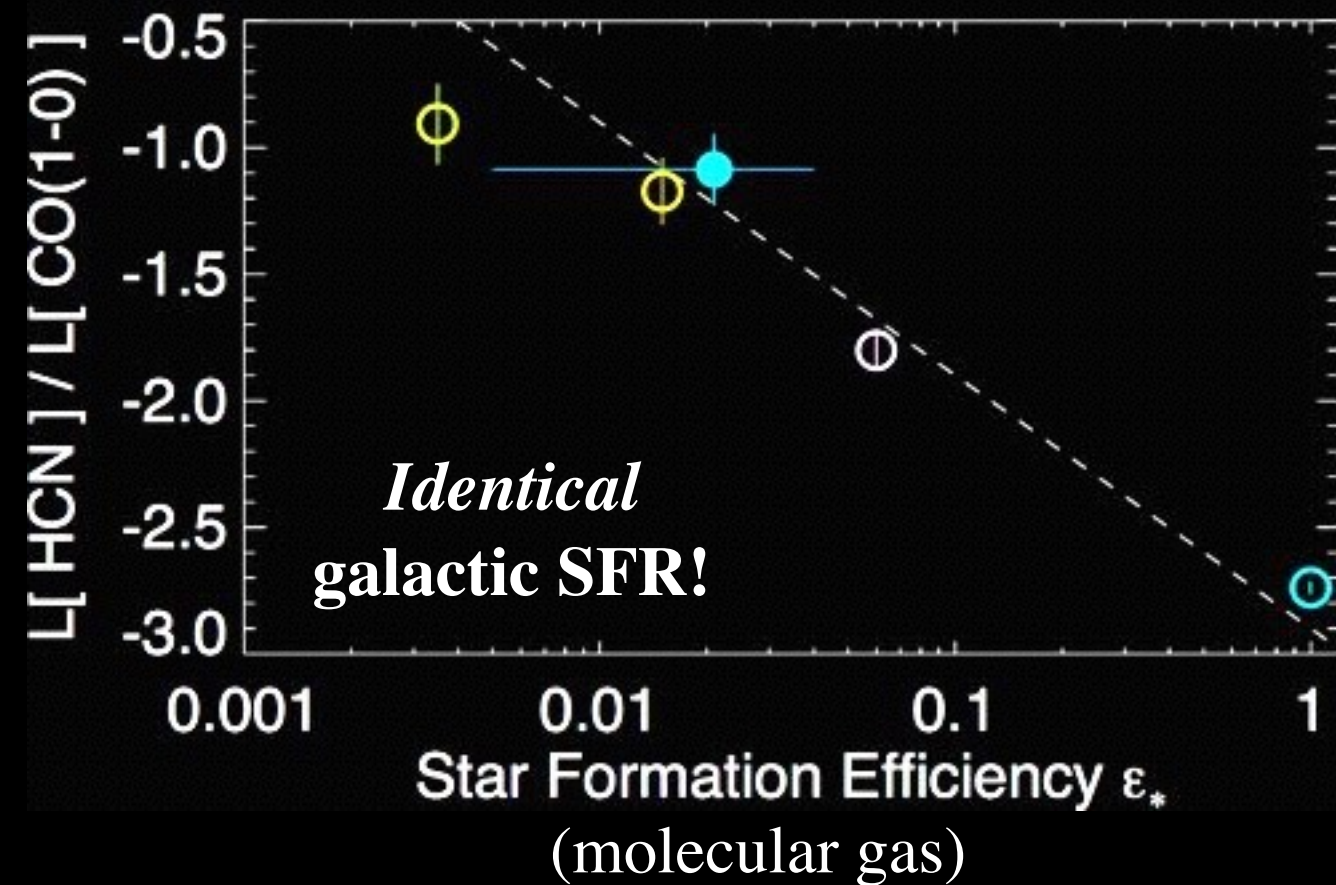
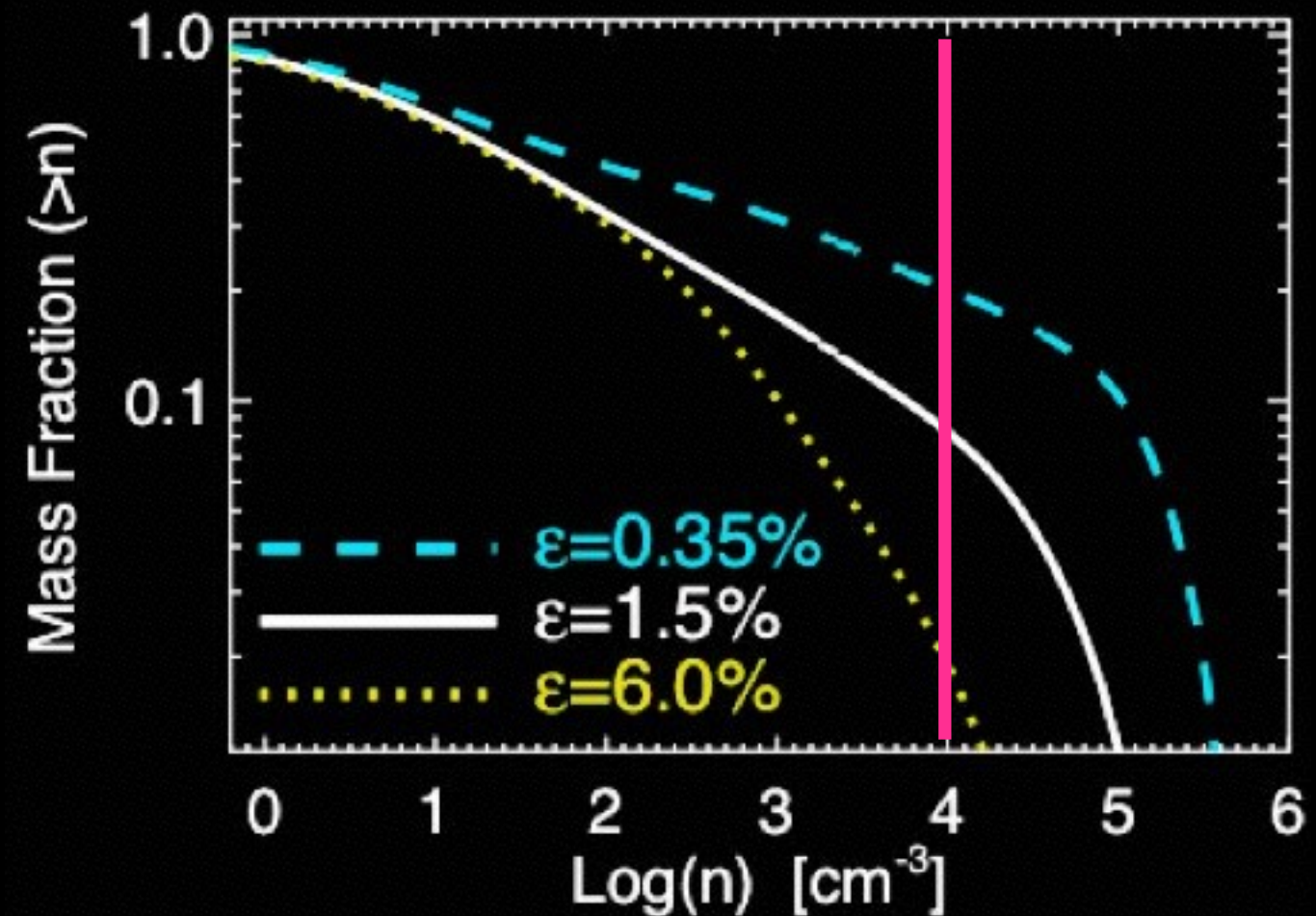
Matt Orr (in prep)
Saitoh+ 11
Hopkins+ 11,12,14
Agertz+14



Dense Gas *Does* Change

SELF-REGULATES TO “NEEDED” SFR LEVEL

Efficiency (SF per t_{dyn}) in *dense* gas



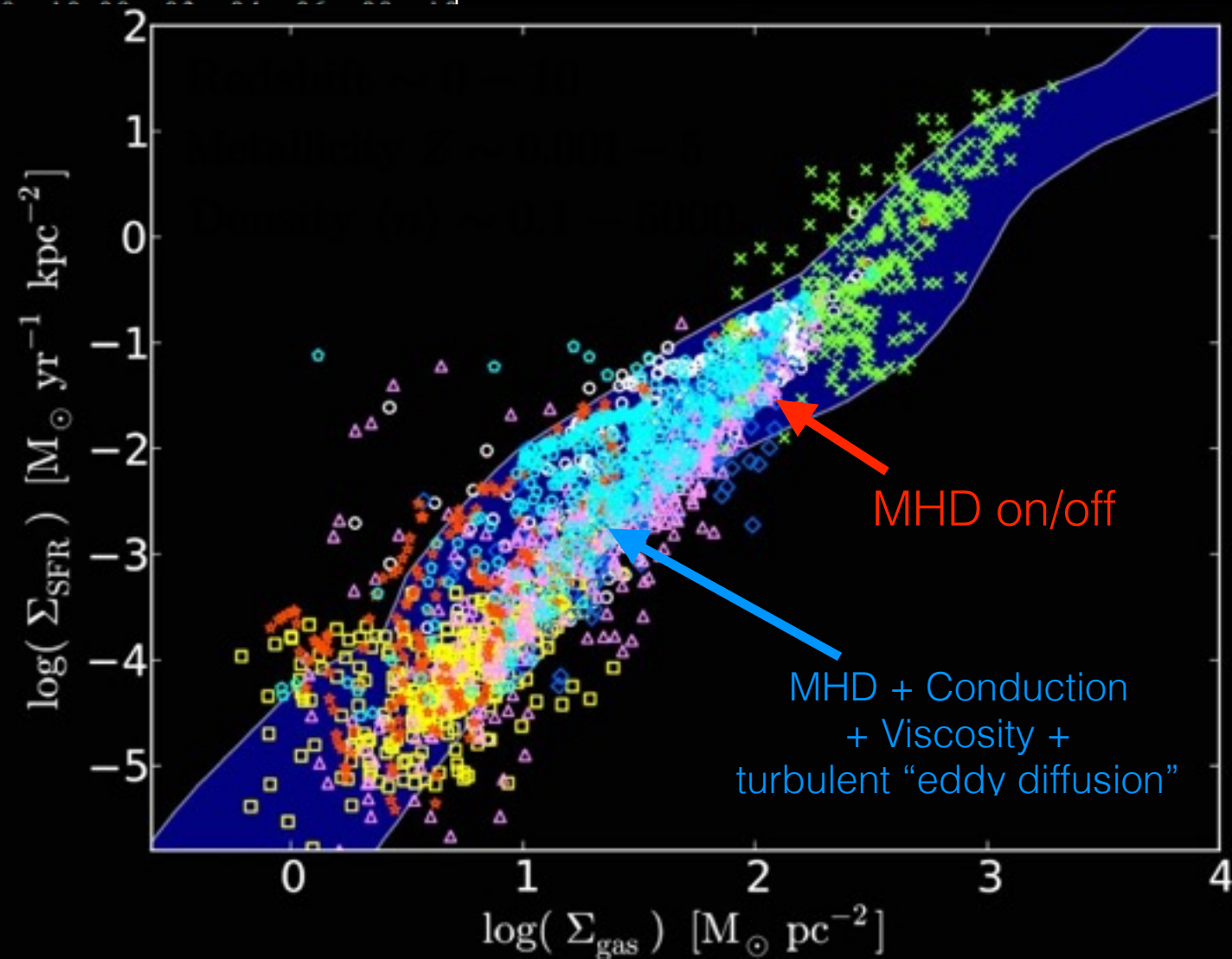
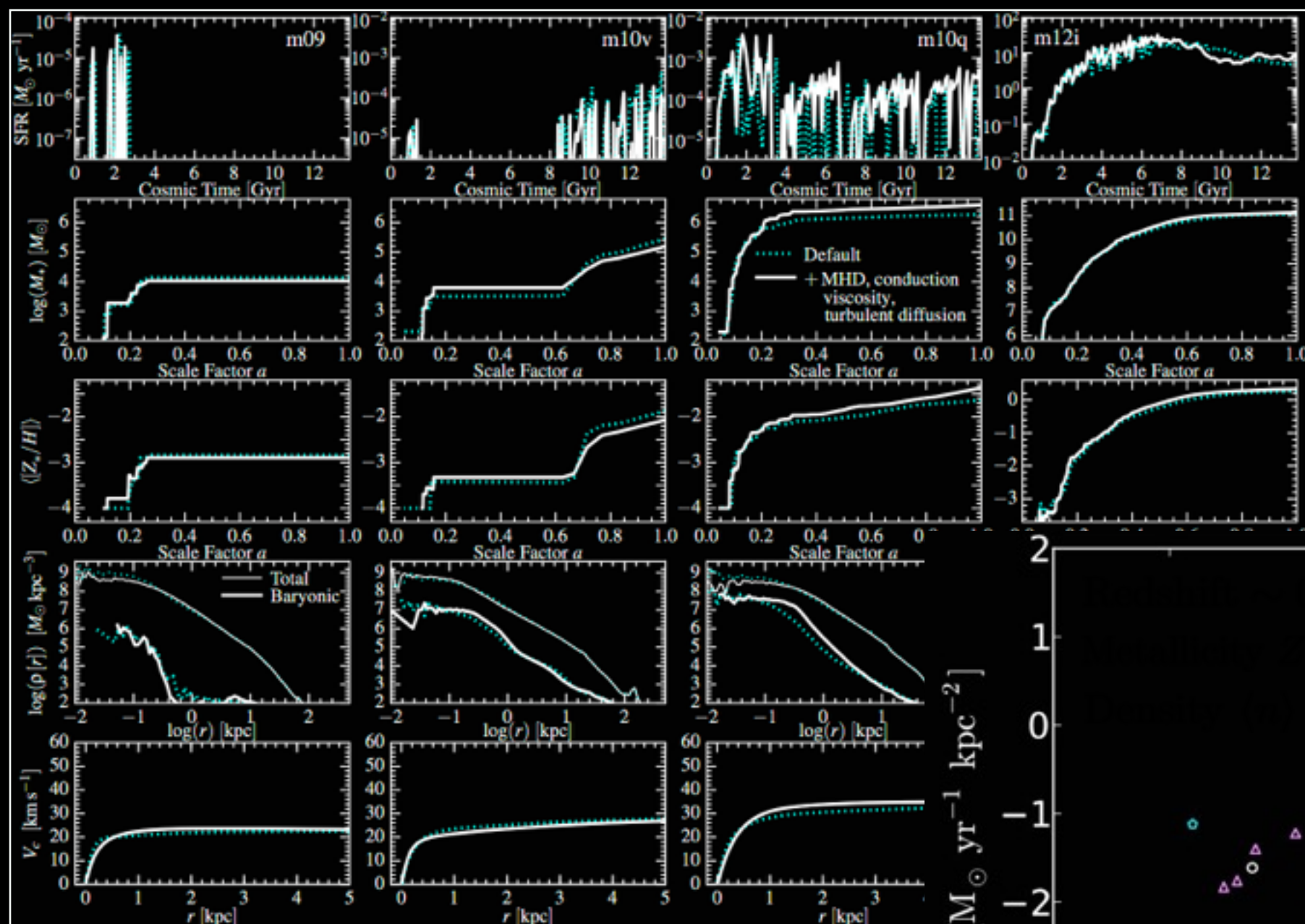
Matt Orr (in prep)
Hopkins+ 11,12,14
Shetty+ 14
Narayanan+ 13





Galaxy SFRs (sub-L*) independent of MHD+diffusion

MAY NOT APPLY TO COOLING IN HOT HALOS!



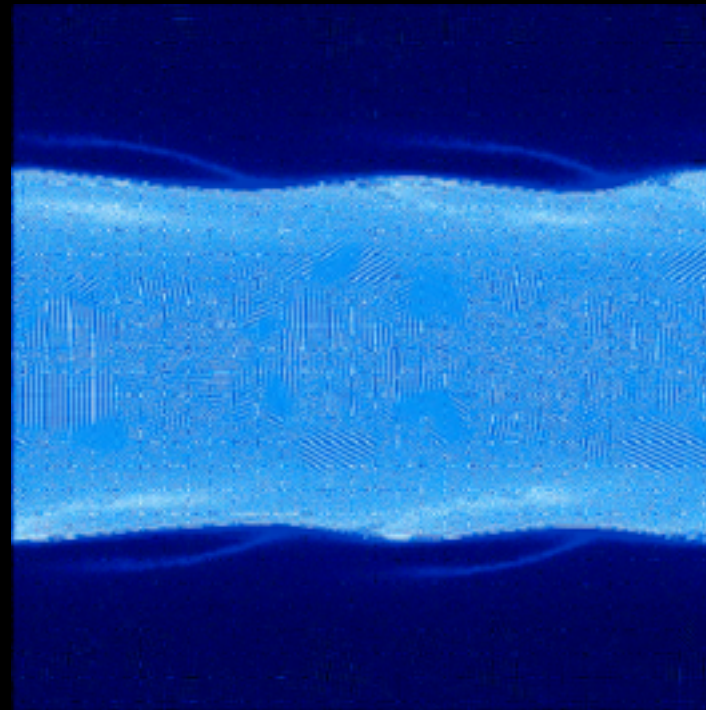
Numerical Methods

(aka: why did we switch from SPH?)

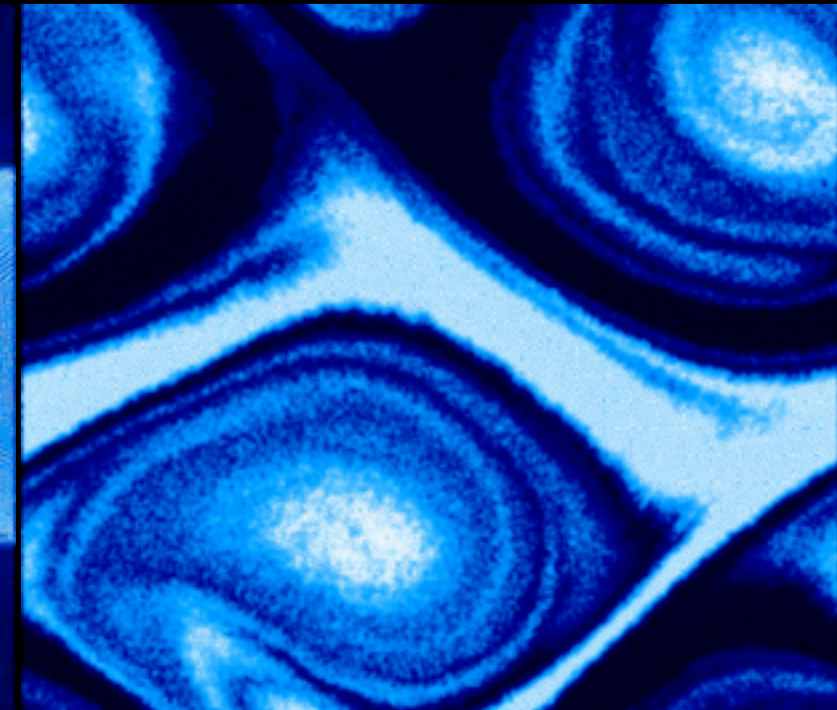
Smoothed-Particle Hydrodynamics (SPH)

CHALLENGE: POPULAR METHODS HAVE PROBLEMS

- Lagrangian, adaptive, simple, conservative
- Artificial diffusion terms:
 - excess diffusion, viscosity

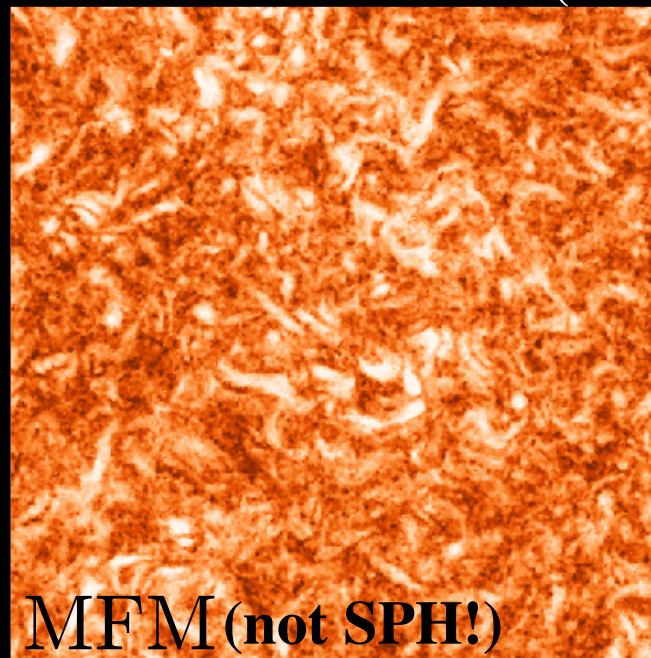


“old” SPH
(Springel 02)

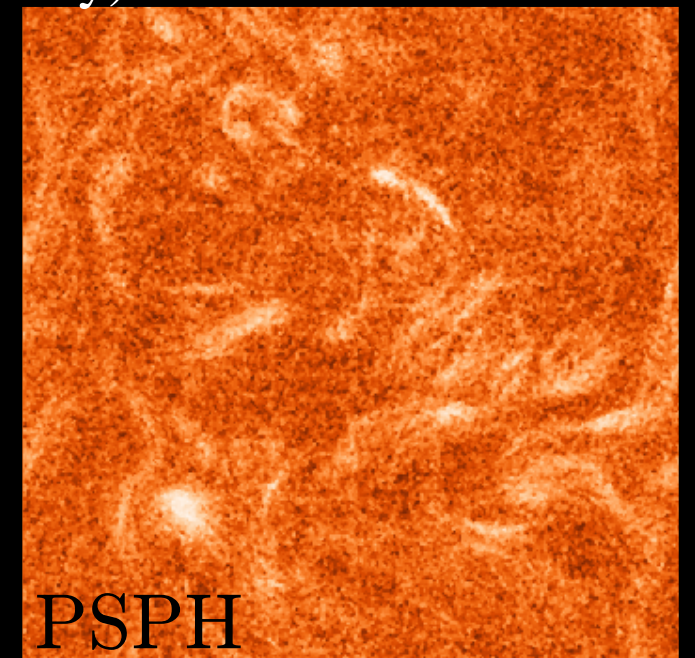


“new” SPH (PSPH)
(Hopkins '13): $\gg 100$ neighbors

Sub-sonic turbulence (vorticity)



MFM (not SPH!)



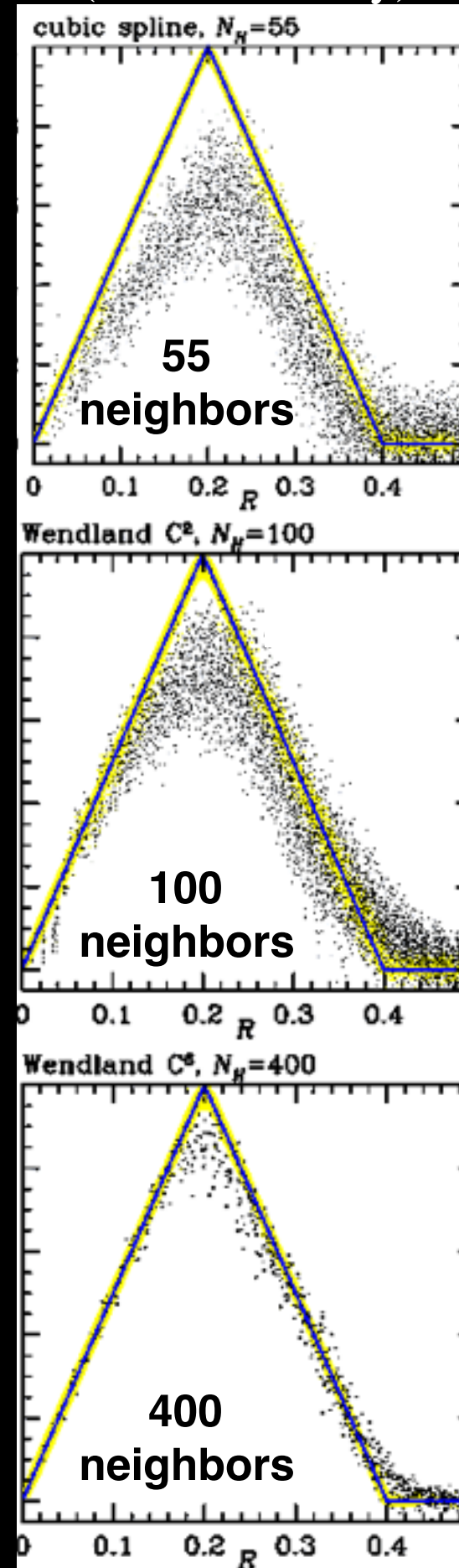
PSPH

Smoothed-Particle Hydrodynamics (SPH)

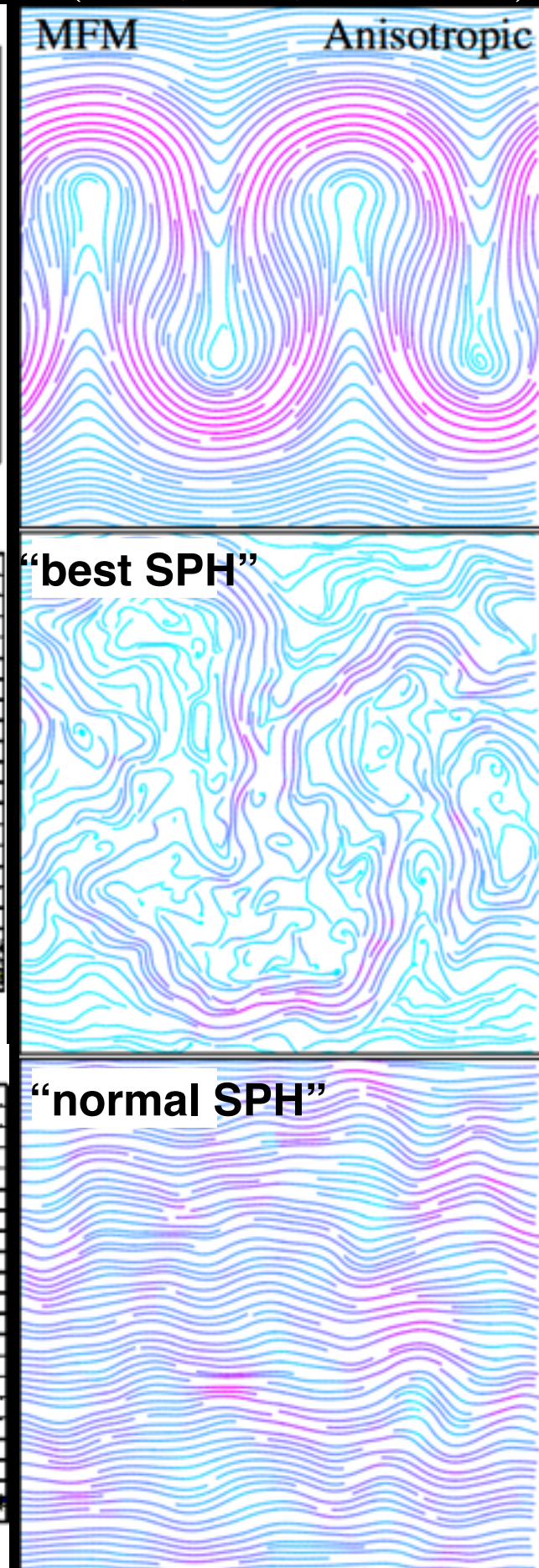
CHALLENGE: POPULAR METHODS HAVE PROBLEMS

- Fundamental low-order errors:
 - converges slowly:
 - “beat down” by increasing kernel size, but this is *not efficient*!

Gresho vortex
(Dehnen & Aly)

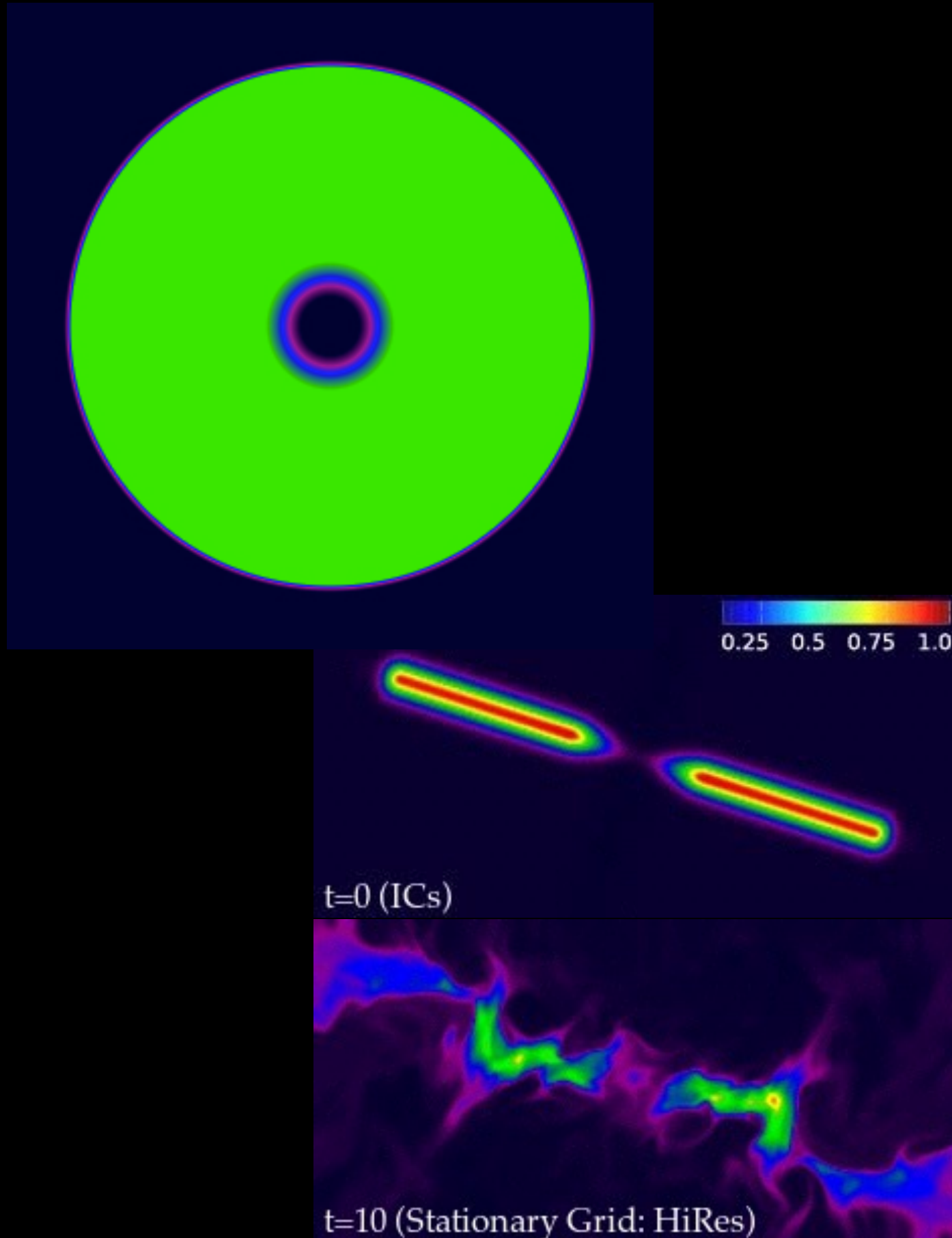


Anisotropic Conduction
(MTI, HBI, Hall MRI)



Adaptive Mesh Refinement (AMR)

CHALLENGE: POPULAR METHODS HAVE PROBLEMS

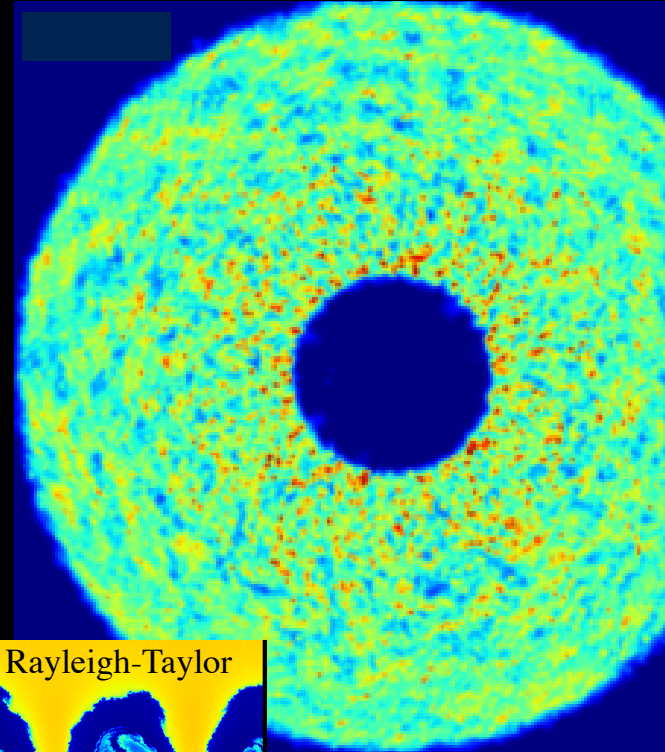


- Eulerian, well-studied, high-order
- Excessive mixing/diffusion when fluid moves over cells
- Geometric effects:
 - carbuncle instability (shocks)
 - loss of angular momentum
 - grid-alignment (disks)
- Also “beaten down” with resolution, but *expensive*
 - Hahn '10: $\gg 512^2$ resolution to avoid grid-alignment

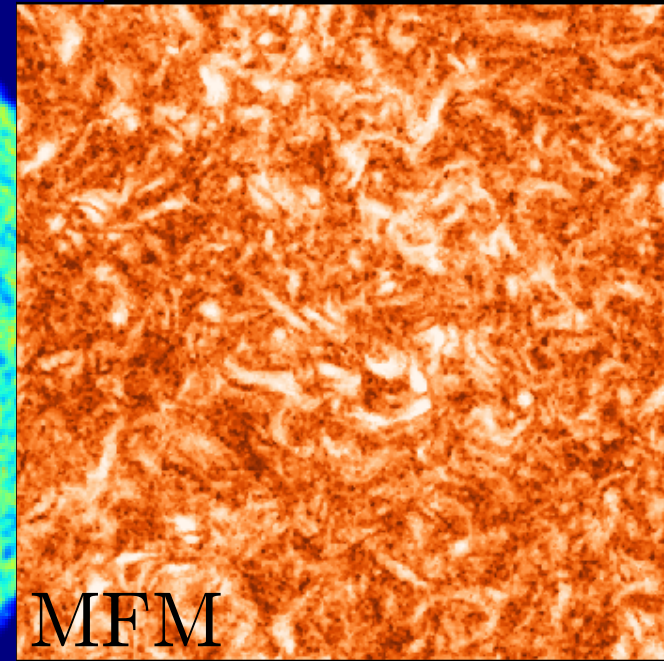
New Methods Combine (some) Advantages of Both: (BUT REMAIN LESS WELL-TESTED)

- Moving-meshes (AREPO), meshless finite-volume (GIZMO), high-order ALE methods
- Move with flow, no preferred geometry, but also accurate, high-order, and shock-capturing
- Grid noise is more severe

GIZMO: disk after 100 orbits

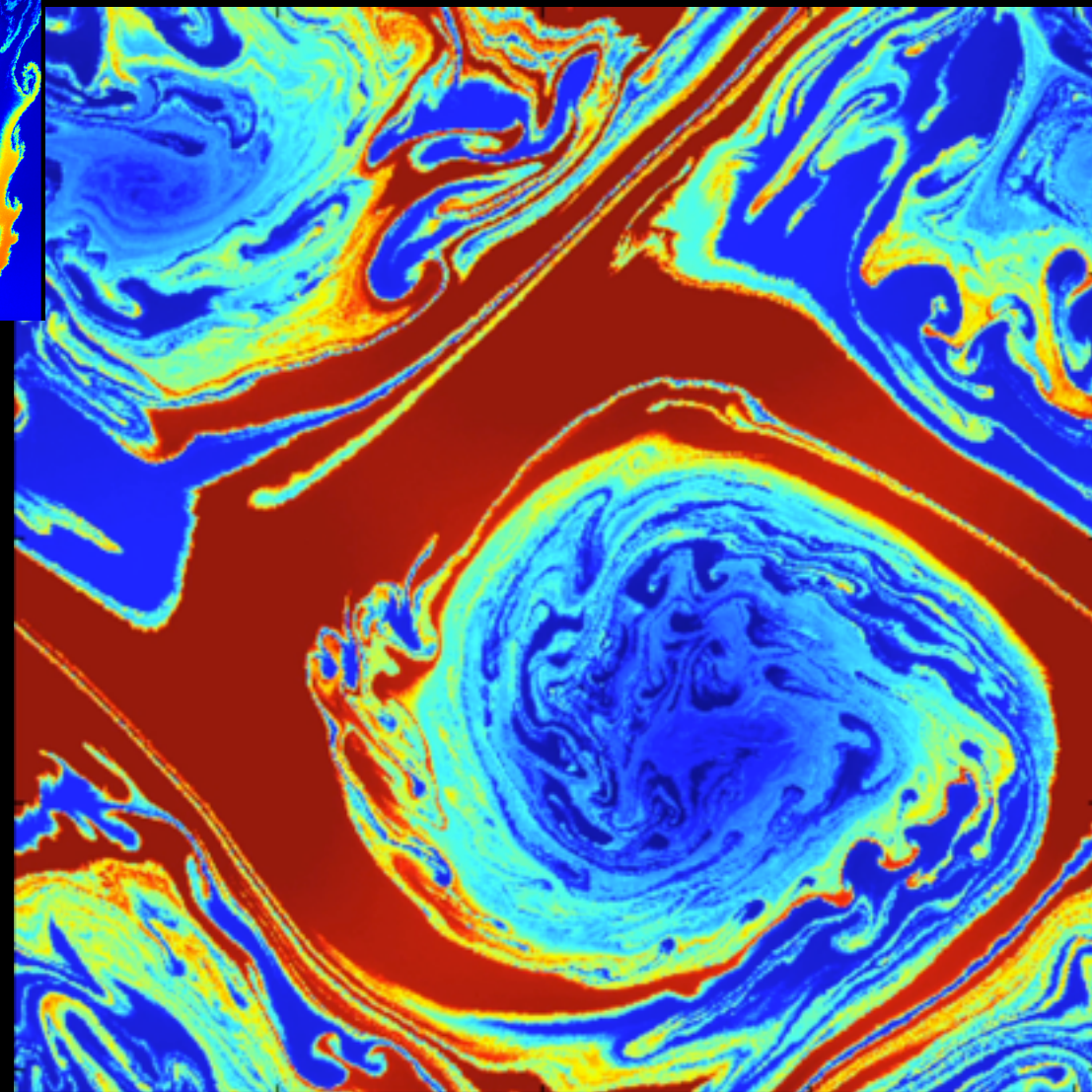
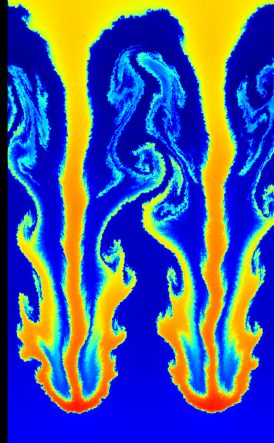


sub-sonic turbulence



MFM

Rayleigh-Taylor



AREPO: Springel 2010
TESS/DISCO: Duffel 2011
FVMHD3D: Gaburov 2012
GIZMO: Hopkins 2015

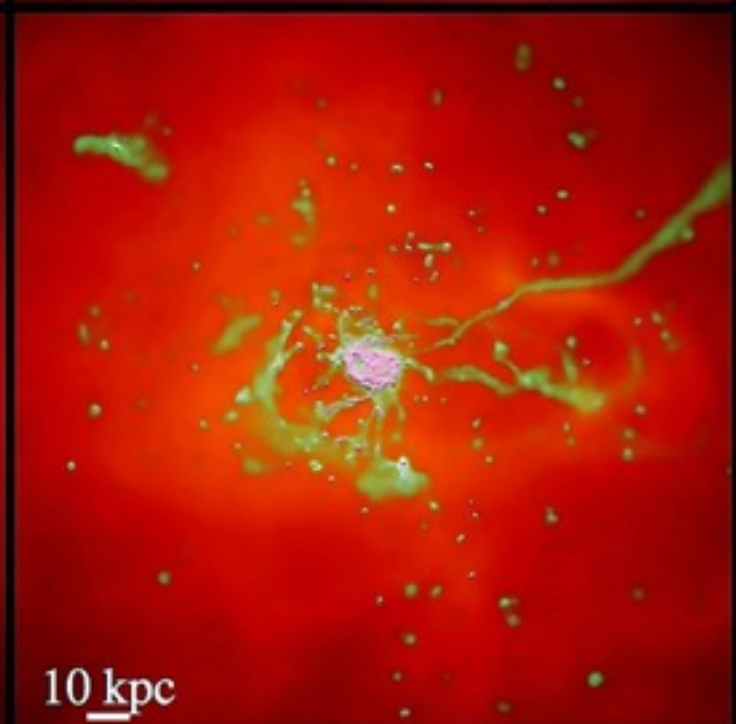
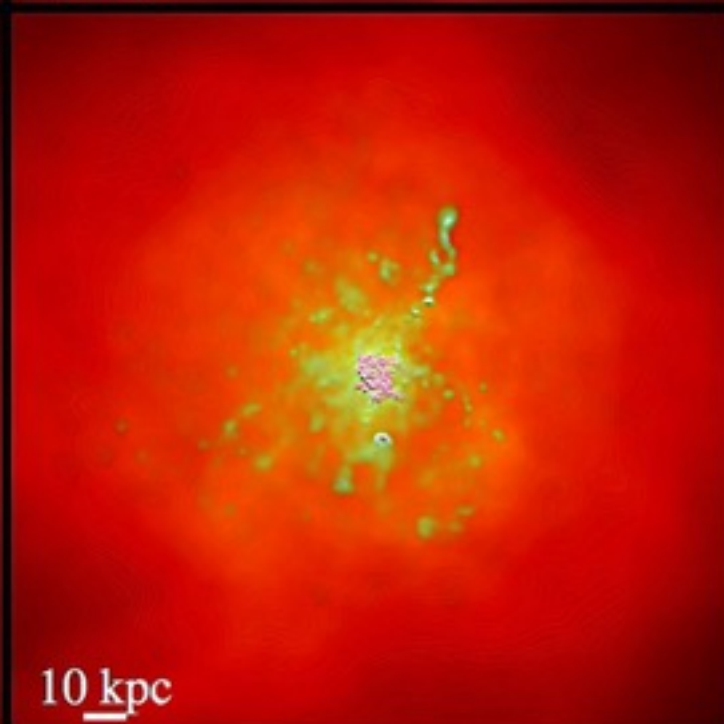
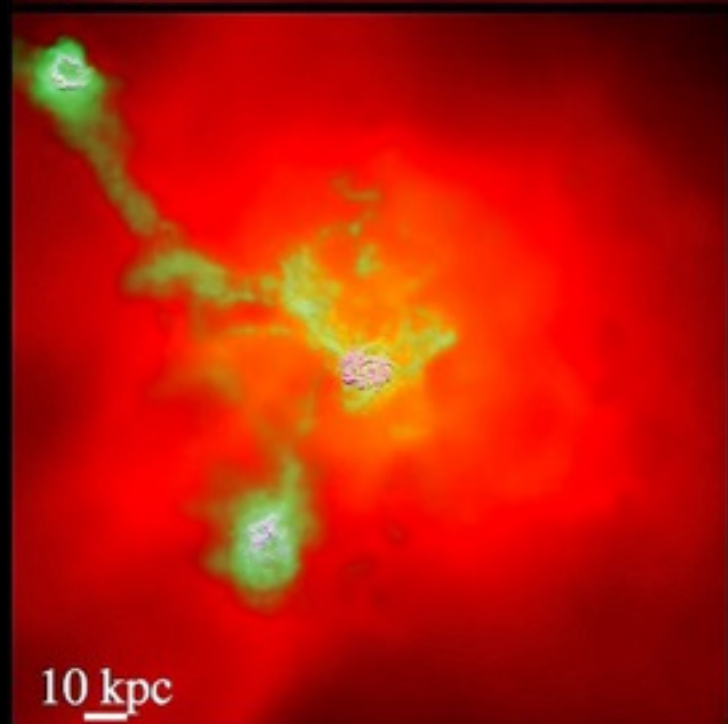
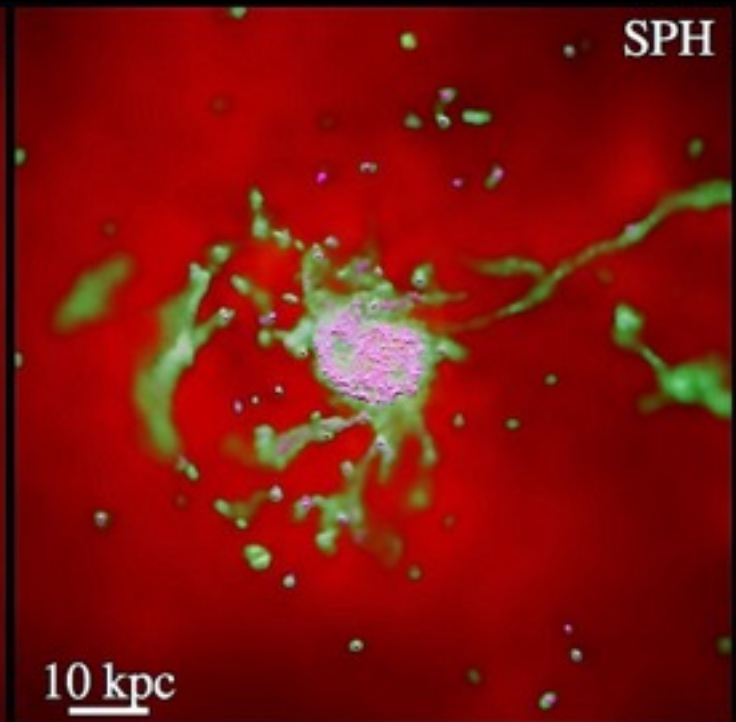
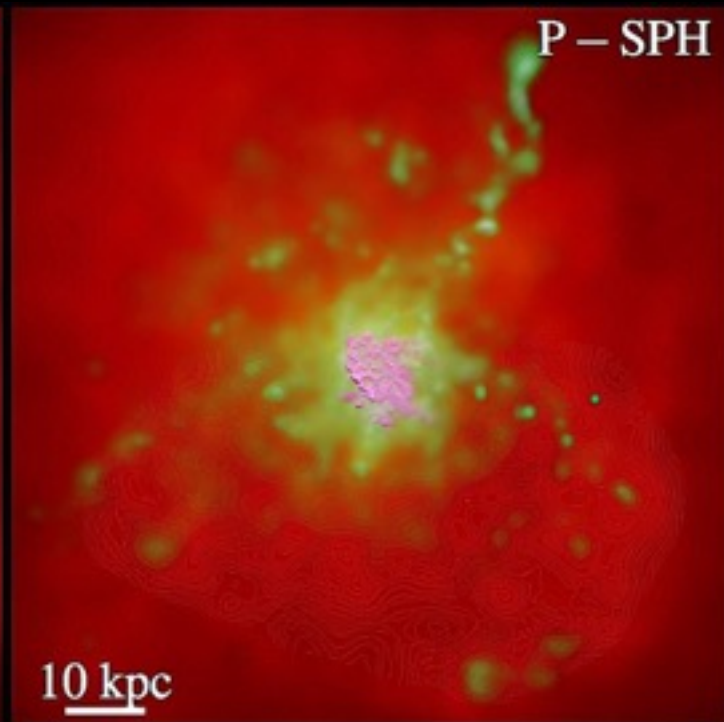
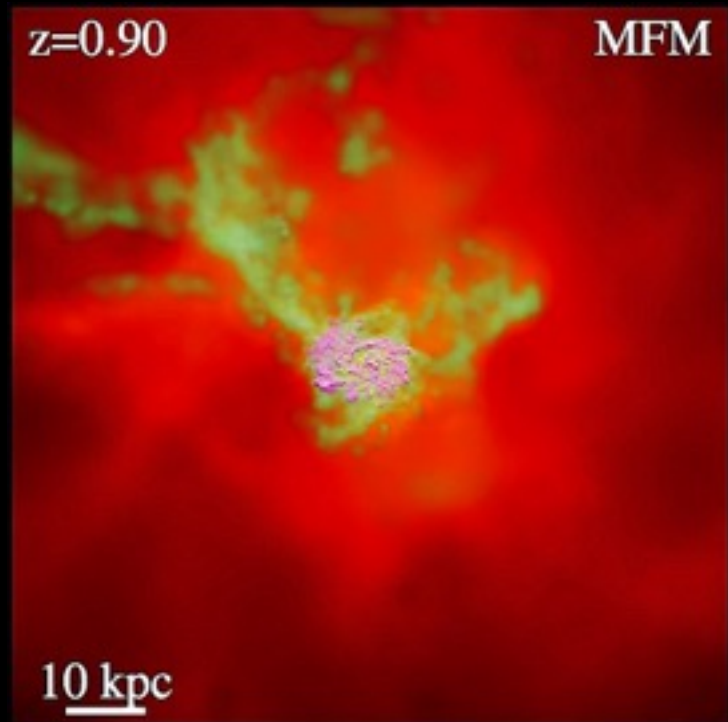
Getting the Hydro Right Can Matter

BUT IT DEPENDS ON WHAT YOU CARE ABOUT

New Methods (GIZMO)

“New” SPH

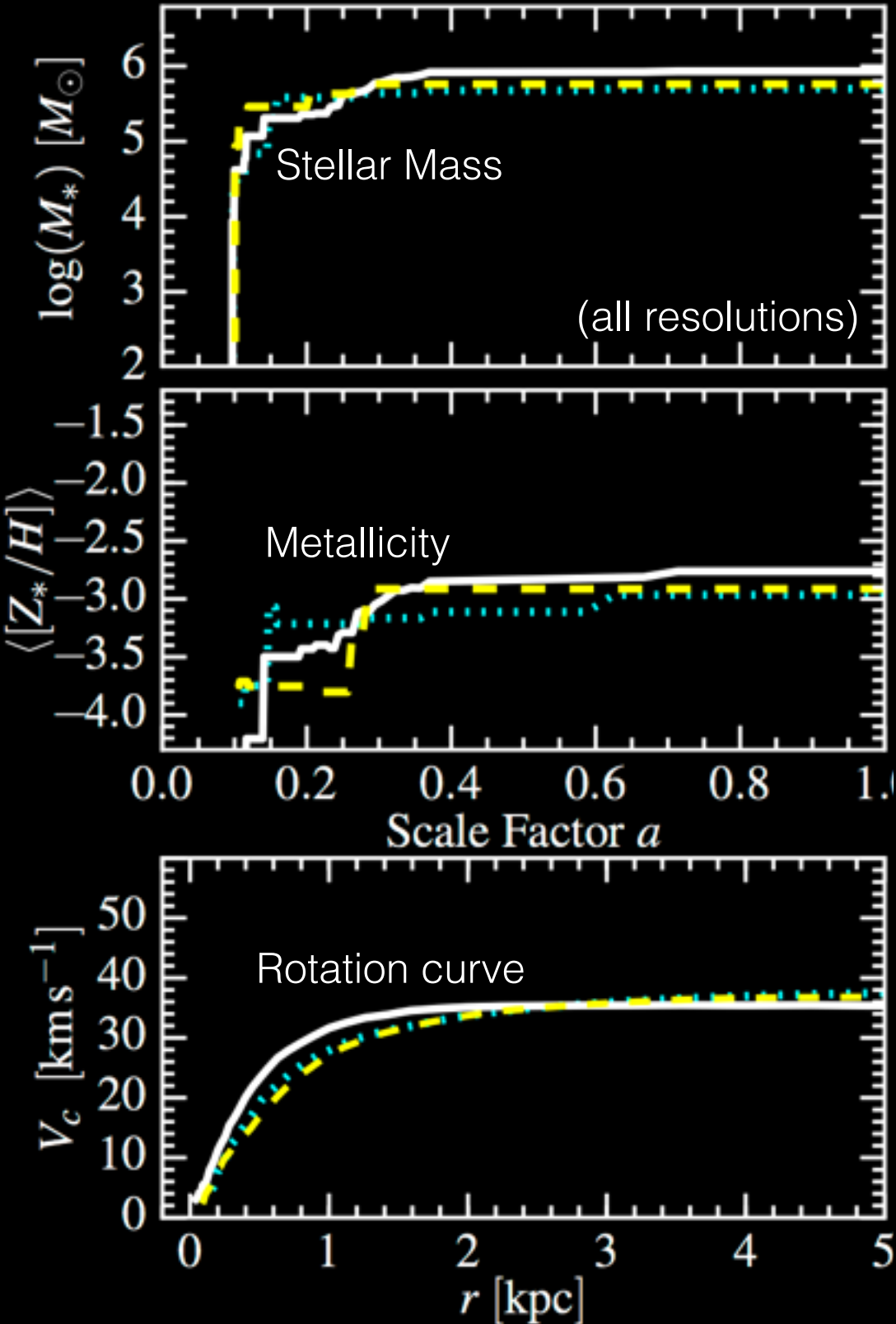
“Old” SPH



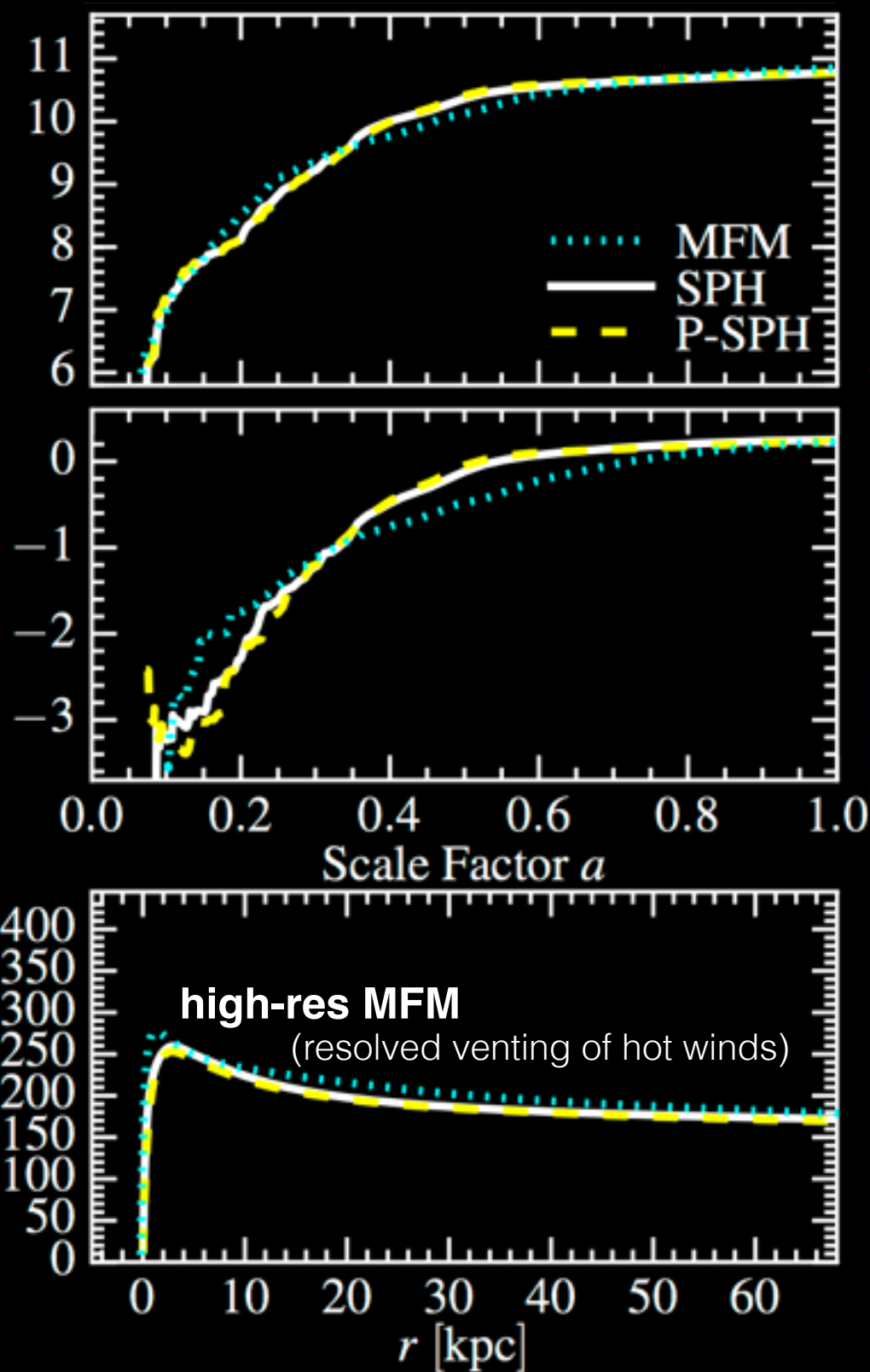
Getting the Hydro Right Can Matter

DEPENDS ON WHAT YOU CARE ABOUT

Dwarfs (“cold mode”):
no effects

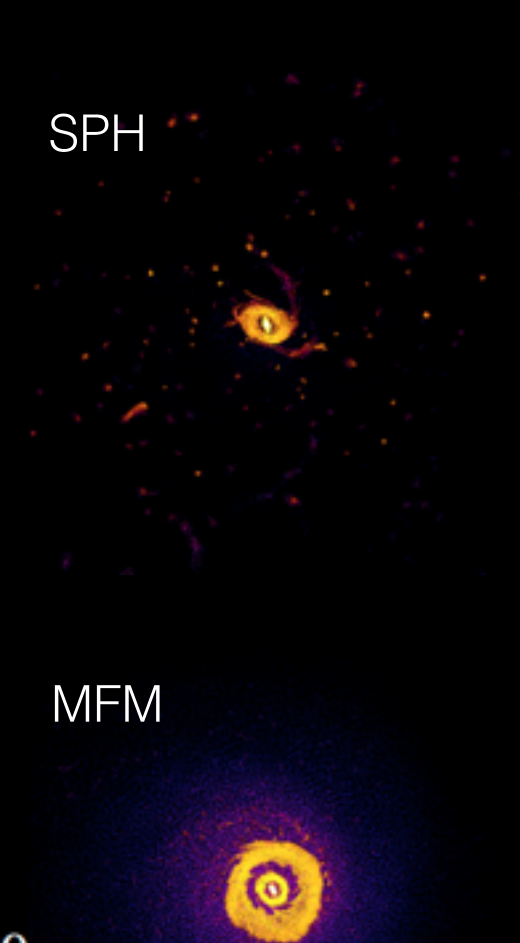


Massive Galaxies (“hot mode”):
cooling & wind “venting”

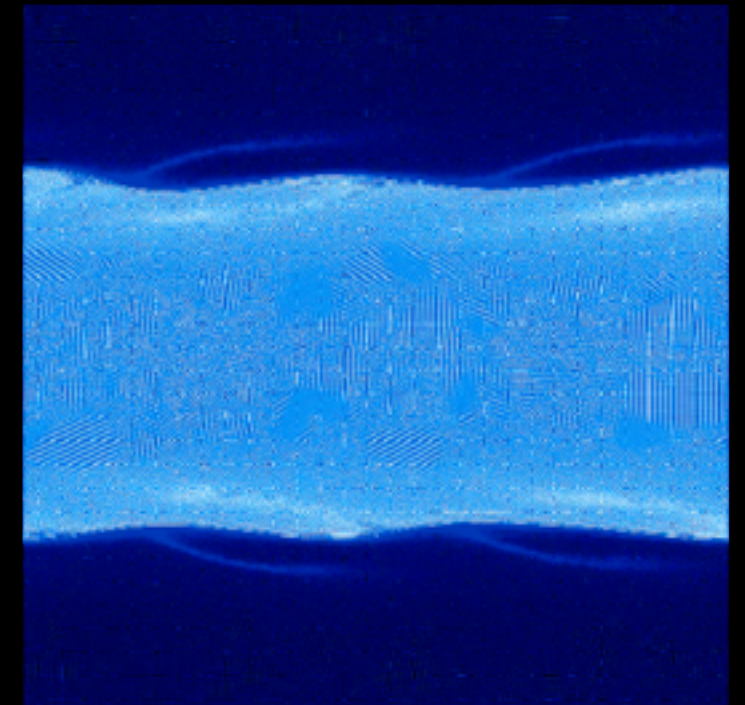
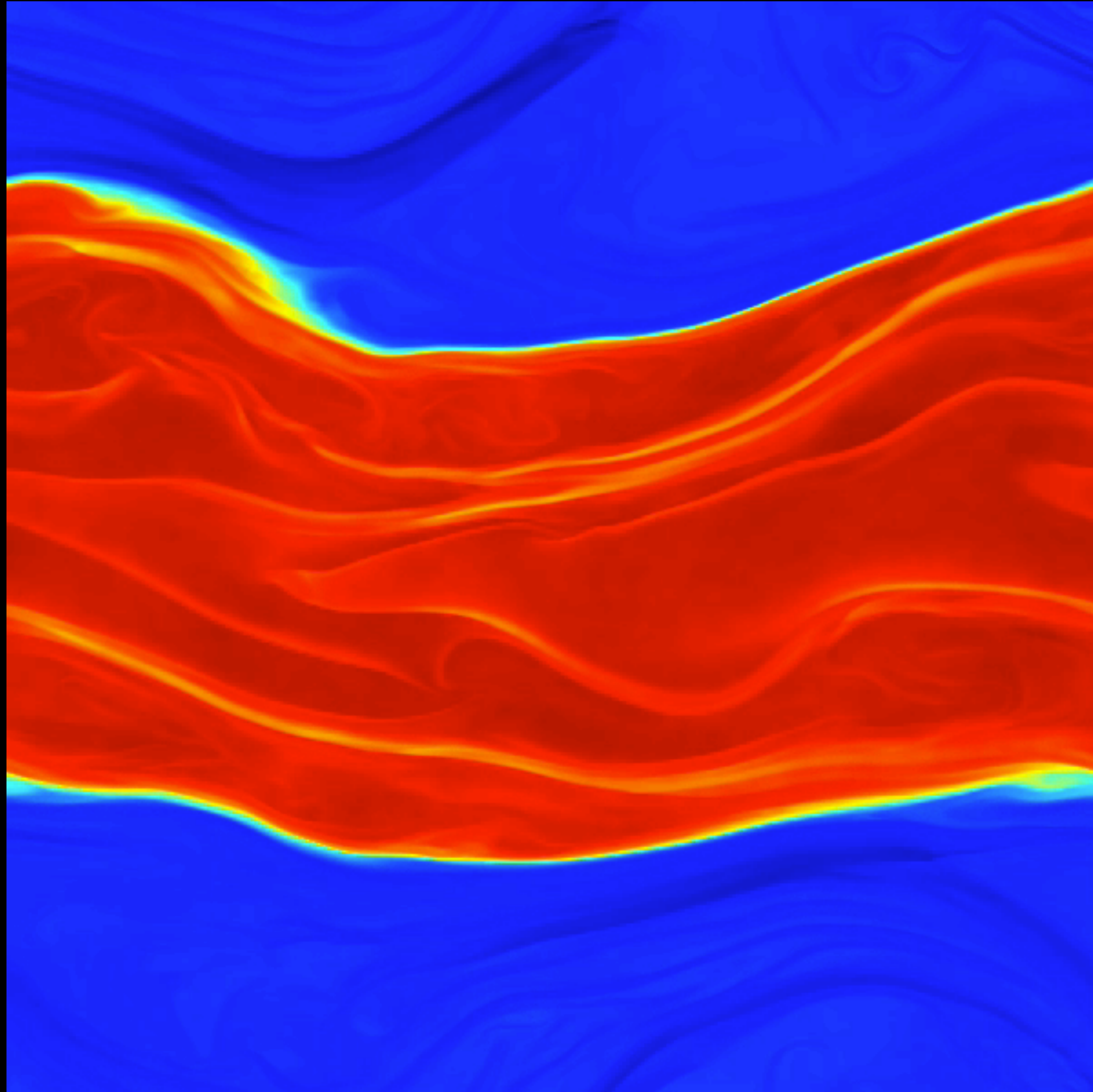


SPH

MFM



A Caution: You can get the “right” answer for the wrong reasons
DON'T MISTAKE NUMERICAL PRECISION FOR PHYSICAL ACCURACY

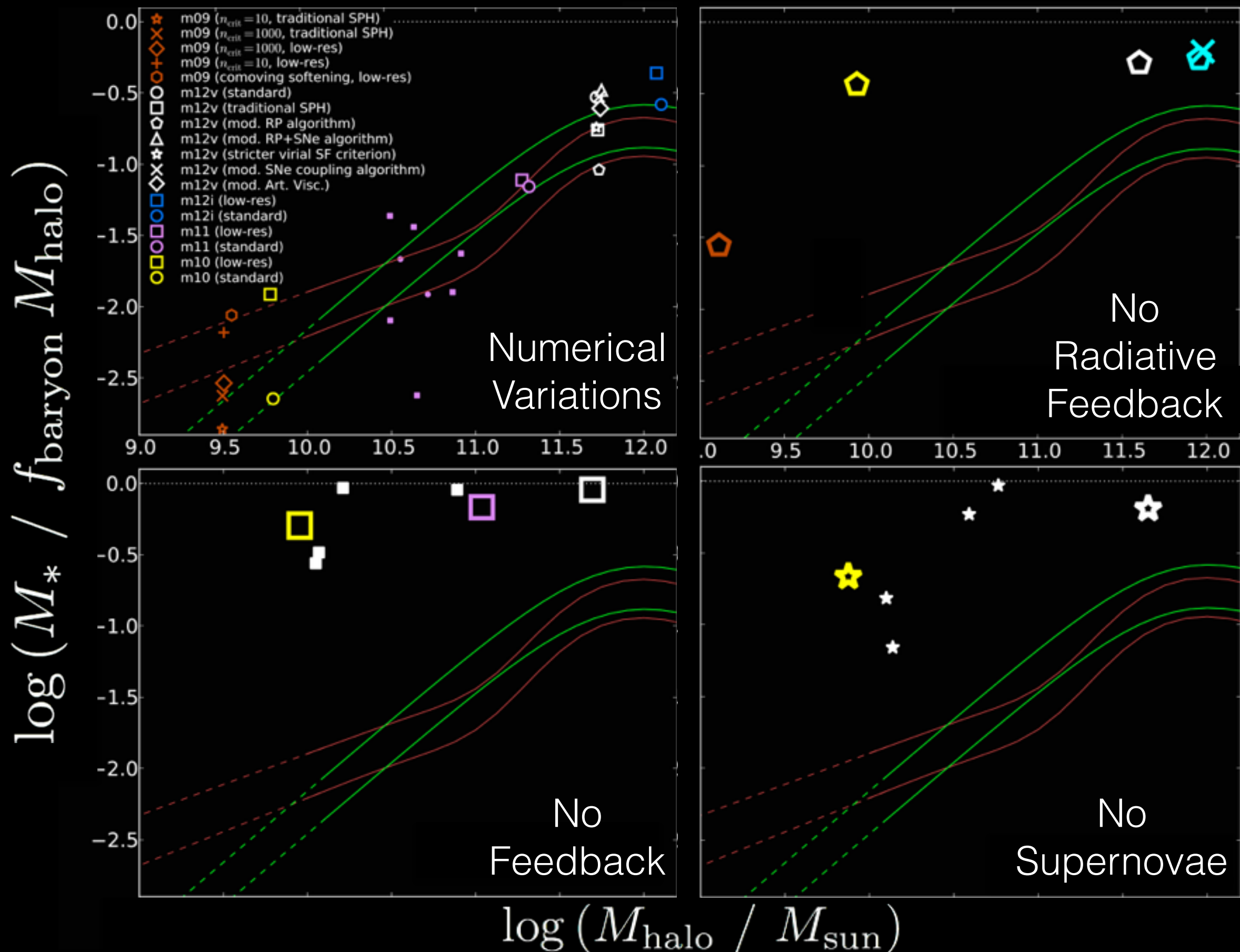


“old” SPH
(Springel 02)

Magnetic KH
(Equipartition field)
with a “good” code

Getting the Hydro Right Can Matter

DEPENDS ON WHAT YOU CARE ABOUT

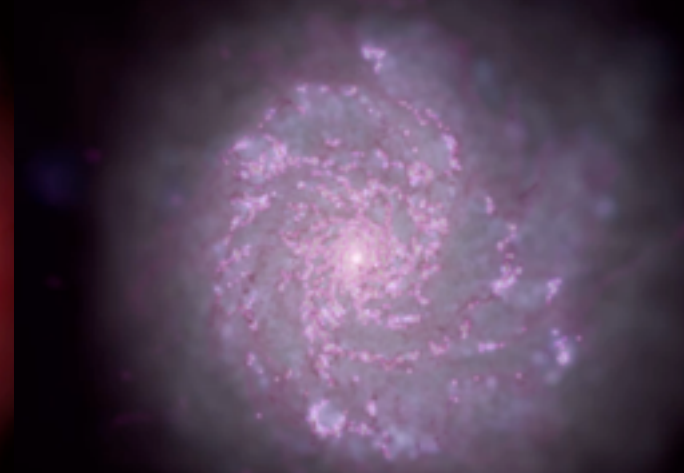
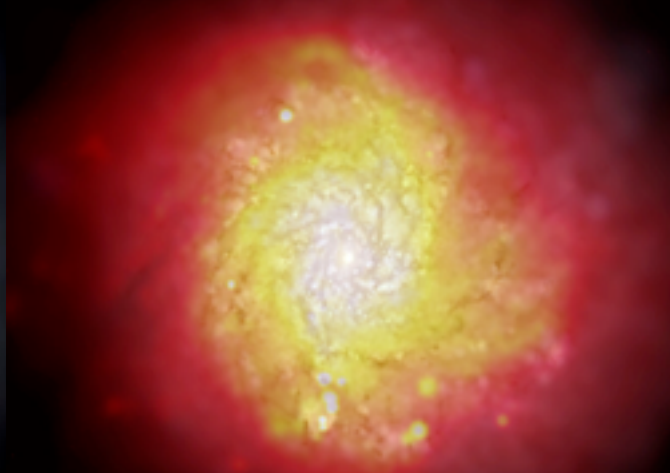
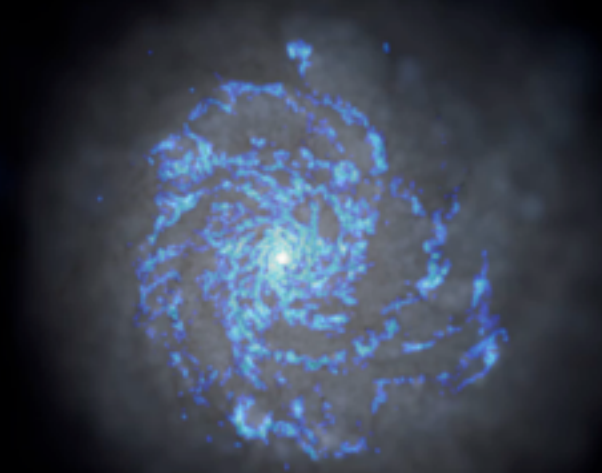


Observed Starlight

Molecular

X-Rays

Star Formation



➤ Numerics can be important

- SPH: is high N_{NGB} worth it? MHD, conduction, RT, issues: significant differences in “hot halos”
- Quasi-Lagrangian schemes: “grid noise” at very low Mach numbers (<0.01)
- *Physics* usually dominates

➤ Everything is sub-grid: but there are “good” and “bad” models, and different philosophies

- FIRE: trying to “build up” from small scales: works surprisingly well!
- Need resolution to match your physics, but also need *physics* to match your resolution (no meaning in resolving scales you don’t have the physics for)

➤ What is needed? Depends 100% on what you want to predict

- Resolve dense gas: resolve fragmentation (Toomre), *physics* for GMC destruction (radiative FB)
- Resolve SNe overlaps/bubbles: need to treat them explicitly, account for unresolved cooling
- SFR surprisingly insensitive to small-scale SF physics, MHD, diffusion: *feedback* dominates